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# The Pittsburgh Gazette.


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## The Pittsburgh Gazette.

### GENERAL NEWS.

COUNCIL Bluffs, Iowa, has impeached its Mayor.

MARYLAND'S oysterbeds cover 378 square miles.

THE Sultan is going to make a pilgrimage to Mecca.

MARK SMITH'S last baby has been christened Myth.

FETCHER is at last going to play Hamlet in New York.

BOSTON is to have at Faneuil Hall a "policemen's Levee."

AN Iowa paper hoists the name of Grant for President in 1872.

SILVER has been discovered in Ashland county, Wisconsin.

ONE of Pereire's daughters has eloped with a Jewish law student.

THE "Field of the Cloth of Gold" has been performed in Shanghai.

A BOOKSELLER in Galesburg, Illinois, has a Bible just 300 years old.

AN English M. P., brother of the Home Secretary, is on trial for libel.

A UNIVERSITY is to be established on the line of the Pacific railroad.

NEARLY all the tax-payers of Petersburg, Virginia, are delinquents.

THE Fifteenth Amendment, it is estimated, makes 900,000 new voters.

THE insurance on the Great Eastern and her cargo of cable is $3,500,000.

TILTON is lecturing in the west on "The American Woman." Which one?

A LITTLE boy at Fort Laramie has trapped $300 worth of furs this winter.

THE keeper of a gentleman's furnishing store out West is called a "shirtist."

AN Indiana shoemaker has got a $25,000 legacy, and is now making Shoe fly.

THE poems of Prentice, compiled by his son Clarence, are soon to be published.

THREE men in Chicago recently got shot while trying to interview a fugitive thief.

MARIETTA, Ga., has been chosen as the seat of a female college because of its name.

THE right to sell intoxicating liquors in theatres is to be tested in the Memphis courts.

IN Arkansas they pour a pint of whisky into a mule and stay at home from the circus.

A LONDON pauper hanged himself through dread of the workhouse, the other day.

GRAND JUNCTION, Iowa, has presented her first native citizen, a girl, with a corner lot.

THE gold discovery in Clark county, Illinois, has broken up a prosperous revival there.

CAPT. JNO. S. DAMRELL has been elected Chief Engineer of the Boston Fire Department.

ABEL RATHBONE COBBIN, is said to have sold his New York residence and moved away.

NAPOLEON is one of the largest landed proprietors in Spain. He has several chateaux there.

SENATOR SPRAGUE has been in his seat in the Senate but once during the present session.

LYNCHBURG, Virginia, has got its first larger beer saloon, "as conducted in Northern cities."

EX-HEAD-CENTRE STEPHENS of the Fenians is said to contemplate a return to the United States.

TWO Paris women rushed under the guillotine to dip their handkerchiefs in Troupmann's blood.

THE Board of Aldermen of Wilmington, N. C., is composed of three white men and five negroes.

GEN. LEE'S health is not good, and his Virginia friends urge him to make a trip to Europe in the spring.

IMPASSIONED common sense is said to be the most distinguished characteristic of Lord Stanley's mind.

THERE is a man in Rock county, Wisconsin, 81 years of age, who is father of a child two months old.

THE working girls of Cincinnati carry books in their hands, and make believe they are going to school.

WHEN you leave the church after a wedding ceremony, you may be said to be going out with the tide.

MRS. ROSE MADDER is lecturing against the female suffragists in Michigan, and they are madder than she is.

DURING the Peabody obsequies in Portland, one of the citizens made $1,500 from the sale of gingerbread.

THE negro possesses an advantage over the white man—he can more effectually conceal a black eye.—*Punch.*

NEWARK is congratulating an heiress who was recently left $100,000 by her uncle, murdered in Germany.

THREE MONTHS' imprisonment was the sentence in a Liverpool Court of a fellow who baked alive a favorite cat.

J. W. COON is an Omaha billiardist, who challenges all Chicago, and Chicago responds that he is a gone coon.

ONLY twenty seconds elapsed from the time Traupman came out of prison until his head tumbled into the basket.

THE latest from Paris is that Eugenie has resumed her afternoon receptions, at which "tea is served at 5 o'clock."

A LEWISTOWN man says that if he builds a house he will have folding doors —"they're so handy in case of a funeral."

THE Boston *Post* thinks most of our American statesmen could solve the Chinese puzzle, could they only get a queue.

AN INDIANA editor abused a man to the extent of a half column, and stated in the next issue that it was a slip of the pen.

THE *bon mot* addressed to wearers of Venetian cloaks at the last Paris masked ball was: "Prince, lend me your revolver."

SAM HILDEBRAND was in Jefferson City the other day and dined at the same table with the sheriff who had been chasing him.

THE merchants of Dover, Delaware, have agreed to close their stores after 7 o'clock P. M. "during the present religious revival."

A BUFFALONIAN, arrested for fast driving, escaped punishment by proving that his horse couldn't travel beyond four miles an hour.

MRS. STOWE, as the creator of "Topsey," was once famous for her colored female; now she is notorious for her black mail.—*Pun.*

AMONG the female lecturers is Miss Henrietta Titus, who is blind, in Minnesota, and Matilda Blind, who is not blind, in England.

JOSH BILLINGS says: "Love issed tew be blind; but I know lots of phellows in love who can see twice as much in their sweethearts as I kan."

A MAN in Davenport, Iowa, sues a local paper for lible, damages five dollars. It took three columns of lible to bring up the bill to that amount.

A DEAR creature in Bridgeport has a way of sending her lovers in charge of a policeman to the station house when they insist on sitting up too late.

A YOUNG fellow in Stonington attempted to clean out an old gun barrel with a red hot poker, and on investigation found he had nine fingers left.

OF the 700 members of the Ecumenical Council, upward of five hundred have signed a petition in favor of the adoption of the dogma of the Papal infallibility.

SIR JOHN YOUNG has invited President Grant to be present at the ball to be given to Prince Arthur during the coming session of the Dominion Parliament.

FOR twelve years a one legged man has been trying to get the value of his other leg from the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, and his suit is still limping.

VIRGINIA papers are calling loudly for emigrants, and discussing eloquently on "labor, education and religion" as the true means of regenerating the Old Dominion.

A MRS. MORGAN, who danced with the Prince, last week, is described by a New York reporter as presenting at the time a "panorama of smiles, flowers and diamonds."

AT a late revival meeting an impulsive young gentleman prayed that God would bless the two young ladies between whom he had been sitting, "especially the one on the right."

MRS. STOWE will find consolation in learning that a Presbyterian lady in Albany, Indiana, burned the last copy of Byron in the house after reading her "Vindication."

AN old lady in England kept her coffin in her room for five years, and when she died, the other day, she couldn't be got into it. The carpenter hadn't calculated for dropsy.

"TOM BROWN" says, and he ought to know, "there is here in England as great a contempt for hard work as there was in the Southern States of America, although people scarce dare show it."

THE Chicago city government and Board of Trade were represented at a grand cock fight at Michigan City, Ind., last week, where one hundred birds supplied amusement for two days.

A FEW days since a man died in Nashville, Tenn., worth a million dollars. He used to paddle fish through the streets, but, by "sober industry and economy," he managed to increase his riches.

A YOUNG woman in St. Paul, Minnesota, playfully bit off her lover's thumb, in a tiff they had the other day. The girls have been threatening to eat their lovers for the last six thousand years.

THEY had what they called a paper party in an Ohio town the other night, and the local journal says paper never appeared to a better advantage as a circulating medium than during the waltzes.

A CINCINNATI man, with a wholesome horror of trichinæ, whenever he slaughters pork, sends a piece to a neighbor. He then watches the result, and if the neighbor survives, revels thereafter in fatness.

IT is scarcely more than twenty years since San Francisco became a city, and already there are complaints of overcrowding, and laborers who cannot get work in the town are advised to go to the country.

JAMES FISK, JR., wined and dined over five hundred people at Saturday night's rehearsal of the "Twelve Temptations," in his Opera House. Wine flowed like water, and the most costly eatables were supplied.

THE heir of the Crosby Opera House, Lee, has become the heir apparent. He was found in Missouri, working on a farm, and, not having read the papers for three years, didn't know of his father's luck or death.

AN Indiana schoolmistress attempted to thrash a youth of fourteen the other day, and respect for the sex did not prevent him from reversing the application of the rod. She doesn't believe in corporal punishment any more.

NEW YORK papers say that Mr. A. T. Stewart has added by purchase one thousand acres to his Hempstead tract, and is now having it laid out in lots with broad streets and avenues. Mr. Stewart's intention to build a village.

A MAN in Leavenworth went out to drown himself, but met another who called him a liar. That saved his life for the thrashing he got, in attempting to correct the false impression, put all thoughts of death out of his mind.

A BOOTBLACK in Newark, N. J., seeing a pickpocket stealing the watch of an intoxicated countryman, gave the alarm, got knocked down for his pains by a friend of the thief, and locked up by the astute authorities for creating a row.

THERE is a story in Paris that the Viceroy of Egypt has written Prince Pierre Bonaparte, offering him the command of a foreign legion to fight the Sultan. The Prince is so unwieldy that he has to have a sort of false collar on the saddle when he rides horseback to hang on by.

AN Indianapolis woman recently gave birth to a child during her husband's absence, and "the neighbors" borrowed two other babies and placed them with the little stranger. When the father asked to see his child, the coverlid was turned down. He coolly turned to his wife and asked, "Did any get away?"

A MILWAUKEE father, having forbidden his son to go near the dock, fearing that he would be drowned, lately found him there, tied a rope about his waist and soused him into the river. The rope loosened, and the boy was in great danger of finding death in the stream, but was rescued. Now they propose to drown the father.

A ROLLING MILL in this State has rolled out a finely polished sheet of iron three feet long and twelve inches wide, and weighing but three and a half ounces. It is thinner than ordinary writing paper. It was manufactured by Mr. Wm. Rogers, of the well known Iron City Iron Works at Apollo, of which Messrs. Rogers and Burchfield are the proprietors. The exquisite specimen has been placed on exhibition at the Geological Museum of Washington, D. C., where it attracts much attention.

## STATE ITEMS.

YORK COUNTY is literally infested with mad dogs.

AN iron mine has been discovered at Norristown.

ABRAHAM JACKSON, of York county, a soldier of 1812, died at his home last week.

MICHAEL ZECH and Henry Sleeger, both old citizens of York, died suddenly this week.

COL. A. H. TIPPIN of the Scott Legion or 68th Pa., Regiment, died in Philadelphia on Sunday.

THE Locomotive Brotherhood of Engineers of Altoona have been presented with a Bible by the ladies.

PIG IRON is being made at York by means of coal and electricity, with success. The inventor deems the invention a very important one.

MR. JAS. A. BRIGGS, formerly of Cleveland, has become financial editor of the New York *Tribune*, a delicate and responsible position for which his high integrity and intelligence eminently fit him.

POSTMASTER General Cresswell has made the following postal changes in Pennsylvania: Union Mills, Erie county, J. N. Beardsley, vice John D. Black, resigned, West Overton, Westmoreland county, A. S. R. Overholt, vice J. O. Tinsman, resigned. Hickory, Washington county, J. M. Campbell, vice Wm. Simcox, removed.

—State Attorney Reed, of Chicago, has sent an officer to Springfield, Illinois, to obtain from the Secretary of State the original petition sent to Governor Palmer which induced him to commute the sentence of Walsh, the murderer of his wife, from hanging to imprisonment for life. This petition will be recollected, contained the signatures of the Mayor and thirty-two aldermen and contains a foul libel on the murdered woman. The petition when obtained will be laid before the grand jury for the purpose of having the signers indicted for libeling the dead.

—Postmaster General Cresswell states that 75,000 circulars and petitions were used in aid of the abolition of the franking privilege; cost about five thousand dollars; that they were paid for out of an unexpended fund to be disbursed at the discretion of the Postmaster General. He affirms that it was a necessary expenditure and has the approval of the people who demanded the abolishment of the franking privilege; and that in recommending the repeal of the law in his annual report, he only seconded the recommendation of the President in his message.

—Collector Bailey, at New York, has instituted suit against the French Transatlantic telegraph company to recover penalties in one hundred cases in which the company are accused of giving unstamped receipts for money to their patrons. The fine for each violation is $50.

# FIRST EDITION.

*MIDNIGHT.*

## HARRISBURG.

## Pennsylvania Legislature.

### Bills Reported from Committees —Another Philadelphia Police Bill—Change of Sunday Liquor Law—The Treasury Bill—The Pittsburgh Elections — Death Warrants for the Huntingdon County Murderers.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Feb. 11, 1870.

SENATE.

BILLS REPORTED.

Among the committee reports were the following bills:

Exempting mortgage taxation throughout the whole Commonwealth. Affirmatively.

Exempting all bequests to religious and charitable institutions from collateral inheritance tax. Negatively.

Making Attorney General and Secretary of the Commonwealth elective by the people. Negatively.

Providing for the health and safety of miners, with amendments as suggested by Luzerne county committee of laborers employed in coal mines. Made special order for Wednesday.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Mr. LOWRY called up his bill making Crawford county an independent judicial district. Passed.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. DAVIS: Supplement to the Sunday liquor law, which changes the penalty from fine *and* imprisonment to fine *or* imprisonment.

By Mr. WHITE: Supplement to act revising, amending and consolidating the laws regulating the licensing of foreign insurance companies.

THE TREASURY BILL.

Mr. WHITE moved his Treasury bill be made the special order for Wednesday evening next. Lost, the Democrats generally voting no.

Mr. CONNELL moved the bill be made the special order for Thursday morning. Carried *viva voce.*

OVERDUE TAXES.

Mr. BILLINGFELT offered a resolution instructing the Auditor General to furnish a detailed statement of the amount of State taxes due from each county. Carried.

Adjourned till Tuesday morning.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. TAYLOR: Providing that the annual election for members of Councils, School Directors, and ward officers, and triennial election for Mayor, Treasurer and Controller of Pittsburgh, shall be held on the first Tuesday of December instead of the second Tuesday of October.

By Mr. KERR: Incorporating Hilldale borough, Allegheny.

By Mr. PORTER: For the removal of the Cambria county seat to Johnstown.

SOUTH SIDE CONSOLIDATION.

Mr. HUMPHREYS presented four remonstrances from Birmingham against consolidation.

Mr. KERR presented a remonstrance from one hundred and fifty-six citizens of Elizabeth against a steam ferry.

Adjourned until Monday evening.

DEATH WARRANTS.

The Governor has issued the death warrants for Bohner and Van Bardenberg, to be executed March 9th, at Huntingdon.

## NEW YORK CITY.

### Book Concern Frauds—Emigration Report—Smuggling Cigars —Express Dividend—Firm Suspensions—Supplies for Cubans.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 11, 1870.

BOOK CONCERN FRAUDS.

The imputation contained in yesterday's telegrams, to the effect that Dr. Lanahan, agent of the Methodist Book Concern, had ever been charged with frauds, was entirely erroneous. Charges were preferred by himself and not against him. A majority of the Committee of Investigation yesterday reported there had been no frauds. The minority reported serious losses had occurred by reason of the employment of brokers to make purchases of paper and by the unaccountable disappearance of leather and other bindery stock.

SUPPLIES FOR CUBANS.

Somers, of the steamer Anna, which sailed from this port after some delay with a party of twenty-two men, including Colonel Ryan, Cespedes and Gacouba, is in this city. He states he successfully landed the men, 2400 stand of arms, three tons of powder, besides some shot and shell, on the Cuban soil, December 19th. The Anna is now at Nassau and will be sold.

EMIGRATION REPORT.

The Commissioners of Emigration report the aliens landed at this port in 1869 greater than in any year since 1854. The total number of passengers landed was 307,455, of whom 169,989 were aliens. Of them 99,605 were Germans, 66,204 Irish, and 41,090 English, leaving 52,050 to all other countries.

BARK CONDEMNED.

The bark John Griffin has been condemned by Judge Benedict for violation of customs by her master, Wm. Downey, in having smuggled $8,000 worth of cigars.

EXPRESS DIVIDEND.

The Adams Express Company have declared a dividend of two dollars per share, payable March 15th.

SUSPENSIONS.

The suspensions of C. F. Tearing, gold broker, and several small dry goods houses, are announced.

**Boiler Explosion in a Rolling Mill.**

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, February 11.—One of the boilers of a rolling mill in East St. Louis exploded this morning, severely injuring Samuel C. Wort, Thomas Burns, James Gannon, Daniel Stevens and slightly wounding several others. The boiler burst at the bottom, and there was little or no water in it, otherwise a terrible loss of life would doubtless have occurred, as some two hundred persons were employed at the mill. The bricks of the furnace, pieces of iron and molten metal were scattered in all directions, some missiles being hurled two or three hundred feet, and it is quite remarkable no lives were lost.

—General Negley presented in the House of Representative, yesterday, a petition from the brewers of Allegheny county asking for the repeal of the law imposing a duty on the importation of foreign brandy. Also, one from all the leading foundrymen of Pittsburgh, asking for a continuation of the duty on pig iron. Also, one from the producers and refiners of crude petroleum, asking that the duty on crude petroleum be made the same as petroleum itself, as by a decision of the Secretary of the Treasury it is brought from Canada by the paying of but twenty cents per barrel to the injury of the revenue and to the detriment of the interests of the oil producers in the States.

—A Convention of colored men will be held at Frankfort, Ky., on the 23d inst. A resolution was offered in the House of the Kentucky Legislature offering them the Hall, and referred.

# FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

### SENATE: Resolution Recognizing a State of War in Cuba—The Mississippi Admission Bill Further Considered Without Action. HOUSE: The Legislation Appropriation Bill Discussed—Death of Representative Hopkins, of Wis., Announced.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, February 11, 1870.

SENATE.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from Committee on Public Lands, reported with amendment the bill granting land to aid the construction of a railroad from Columbia river to Puget Sound.

Mr. MORRILL, (Vermont,) from Committee on Public lands, reported a bill to enlarge the public grounds surrounding the Capitol. Passed.

Mr. SHERMAN introduced the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, The United States observes with deep interest the cruel war now existing in Cuba, and sympathize with its people as with the people of all American nations or colonies in efforts to secure independence from European powers; therefore, be it

*Resolved, &c*, That the United States recognize the present existence of a state of war between the kingdom of Spain and colony of Cuba, and waged on the part of Cuba to establish its independence, and the United States will observe strict neutrality between the belligerent parties, as is their duty under the law of nations.

Mr. SHERMAN said he desired to call the attention of the Committee on Foreign Relations to the fact that the people of this country would not much longer tolerate the cold indifference of this Government toward Cuban affairs. It was but natural a struggle like that now progressing so near our border should touch the national heart. He trusted the Committee would take some action with a view of securing fair play on our own part between Cuba and Spain. His resolution did not propose to recognize Cuban independence, but simply a condition of actual warfare, with a view to fair play hereafter.

Mr. POMEROY suggested the resolution be amended to declare the Cubans were not only fighting for independence, which was true, but for freedom from slavery.

Mr SUMNER said the Committee on Foreign Relations had somewhat considered the subject, but the facts before them as to the actual condition of Cuban affairs were not sufficient to warrant definite action.

Mr. SHERMAN remarked that the fact that Spain had built thirty gunboats in our ports, to put down what was said to be a little rebellion, was sufficient warrant for his resolution.

Mr. FOWLER made some remarks upon the general subject, which called up

Mr. NYE, who desired to know on which side the Senator had spoken. When that Senator first came to the Senate he could not get muskets enough to slaughter rebels, but he had subsequently changed his position.

Mr. FOWLER replied that if the Senator from Nevada had occupied the position which he held during the most trying periods of the war, his voice might not now be so loud nor his consistency so well established. Had he (Mr. Fowler) in former times helped the slave drivers of the South to hunt down slaves, he would manifest the tender feeling that had been shown by the Senator from Nevada. He claimed that if the boasted friends of freedom in the Legislatures of Massachusetts, New York and Missouri had been as faithful to the cause as they now claimed to have been, the slave driver would not have cracked his whip near as long as he did. It was the infidelity of those who pretended to have been the earliest opponents of slavery that enabled the slave driver's authority to continue.

Mr. NYE remarked that the difference between himself and the gentleman from Tennessee was that his own were the follies of youth, while those of the Senator from Tennessee were the follies of age.

The colloquy between them was finally terminated by the Chair, who remarked the expression, "Them returned to his wallow," used by Mr. Nye, was not in order.

Mr. THURMAN said the necessity of the proposed conditions was assumed to be that they were essential to the establishment of a Republican form of government in the State. If the condition that voters should read was necessary to make Mississippi Republican, by what privilege was Massachusetts allowed a place in the Union without the same provision? So with all the conditions. When did it become necessary that to be Republican the people of a State should provide a school fund and school privileges? He proceeded to show that these requirements were unknown to the Constitution at the time of its formation.

Mr. HOWARD made some remarks in favor of imposing conditions.

At 4:35 a message was received from the House announcing the death of Representative Hopkins, of Wisconsin.

Remarks in honor of the deceased were made by Messrs. Carpenter and Howe, and after adopting the usual resolutions of respect, Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

Authorizing the building of a bridge across the Mississippi at Clarksville, Mo.

For further reduction of the army.

Resolutions were adopted calling for a report of the expenditures, &c., by Freedmen's Bureau.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Legislative Appropriation bill.

The appropriation for folding House documents was reduced from $80,000 to $25,000. The same item for the Senate was reduced from $20,000 to $10,000.

Mr. DAVIS, N. Y., moved to reduce the item for newspapers and stationery for members from $125 to $50 each.

Mr. MORRILL moved to strike out the whole appropriation.

Mr. DAWES (Mass.) said it would be necessary to repeal the law allowing members stationery and newspapers. It would be no use to omit the appropriation unless the law was repealed.

Mr. MORRILL—We will do it.

Mr. DAWES—Well I will vote for it.

After discussion Mr. Davis' amendment was rejected and Mr. Morrill's was withdrawn.

Mr. DAVIS (N. Y.) moved to strike out the appropriation for reporters for the Congressional *Globe*, understanding that the publishing of the proceedings of Congress could be done at the public printing office at $40,000 a year cheaper than in the *Globe*.

Mr. DAWES said the question of the *Globe* was up at every session, and yet a new contract was made last year. He was willing to abide by the contract.

After further debate, and without disposing of the question, the Committee rose.

Mr. COBURN offered a resolution calling for information as to the aggregate of expenditures for public and private purposes in the District of Columbia since the establishment of the seat of Government. Adopted.

At three o'clock Mr. COBB, of Wisconsin, announced the death of his late colleague, Esenj. F. Hopkins at Madison, Wisconsin, last January. After pronouncing an eulogy of the deceased, he offered the usual resolutions of condolence and respect.

After remarks by Messrs. Eldridge, Washburne, of Wisconsin, Paine and Lawrence, the resolutions were agreed to and the House at 5:30 adjourned until to-morrow.

## STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

### Explosion and Burning of the Maggie Hays, a Pittsburgh Boat—Six Lives Lost.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, February 11.—The following special, dated Helena, Ark., says: The Maggie Hays, of Pittsburgh, burst her middle boiler in the chute of Sixty-six, on her way from New Orleans, at 1:30 P. M., of February 10.

The boat immediately filled with steam, caught fire and burned until she sunk.

The Master—Captain Barney Martin—was blown into the air from the hurricane roof, and his body was afterwards found in the river.

The second engineer—Henry McDermott was badly scalded, and died at five o'clock.

James Reese, the second clerk, was slightly scalded, but is now all right.

Two negro firemen and a deck hand were killed and their bodies either blown in the river or burned on the wreck.

No other officers and none of the passengers were hurt.

McDermott was buried on the Arkansas side as soon as found dead.

Capt. Martin's body and those of the other unfortunates were brought to Helena on the steamer Commercial, from where it goes up the river on the first boat. The steamer Commercial, coming up at two o'clock, last night took aboard all survivors, who will arrive this evening at Memphis on her.

The boat had no freight on her, and she is a total loss.

Captain Matt A. Glass, of the steamer Commercial, deserves all praise for his efforts in attempting to rescue the dead bodies, and his attention and kindness to the passengers and officers of the Maggie Hays.

*Ledger's* Helena special says: Immediately after the explosion of the boiler of the Maggie Hays she sunk. The body of Captain Martin was blown into the air, but was afterwards found in the hold. The second engineer, Henry McDermott, was badly scalded and died in five minutes. Jimmy Reese, second clerk, was slightly scalded. Three deck hands and one fireman were killed outright, and three other bodies burned or blown into the river. McDermott, who had shipped at New Orleans in place of an engineer discharged, was buried on the Arkansas side.

The boat had a light cargo of sugar. She was owned by Capt. Ben Coursin and James Reese, of Pittsburgh, and valued at $15,000. Her first clerk had come here by rail from New Orleans, and thus doubtless saved his life. It is said by river men that her boilers were known to be defective.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

The Commercial has just arrived with the survivors of the ill-fated Maggie Hays, about twenty in number. Capt. Martin was not killed, but severely injured and died on board the Commercial. His body was left at Helena. Capt. Dravo, first clerk, will convey it home.

The following deck hands, all colored, were lost: James Mardins, New Orleans; Tom Wilson, David Skinner, Belfair; John Haynes, Pittsburgh.

The passengers lost everything, but funds were raised by the passengers on the Commercial to relieve their immediate wants.

The pilots, Eugene Hamlin and Samuel P. Jones, were both in the pilot house at the time; saw the smoke and steam rush and felt the boat tremble. As soon as the smoke cleared they saw the forward part of the boat was gone and steered here for shore. Jones getting on the wheel jumped ashore and Hamlin cut the chimney guys, made a line, threw it out and soon had her made fast, but despite the efforts of the surviving crew the fire had gotten under headway and soon wrapped the entire boat in flames.

Mrs. Derr, of Pittsburgh, was sitting in the clerk's office, and was blown through the bulk head into the cabin, but not hurt.

The pilots say the boilers were patched at Natches, Vicksburg, and at the mouth of the schuite they had tied up again to patch the larboard boiler, and had just gotten fully under way when the explosion occurred.

A number of the crew and passengers will leave by rail to-morrow for their homes. All speak in the highest terms of the conduct of the officers and passengers of the Commercial.

The first news of the calamity was received in this city Thursday night, in a special dispatch to Mr. James Reese, one of the owners of the boat. No particulars were given, other than the assurance to Mr. Reese that his relatives on board were safe.

A second dispatch, from Mr. James Dravo, clerk of the Maggie Hays, was received yesterday, from Memphis, stating that the Captain, B. C. Martin, the second engineer, Mr. Parker, of Cincinnati, and eight deck hands had been killed by the explosion, and that Wm. Reese, a young son of Mr. Reese, who was acting as second clerk, was scalded, but would recover. Mr. Reese's daughter, Mrs. Derr, and another lady, her sister-in-law, Mrs. Sedan, were also on board, but escaped without injury.

The steamboat Maggie Hays was built here in 1864, and was owned by Messrs. James Reese and Benjamin Coursin, the former owning three-fourths and the latter one-fourth of her. Her tonnage was four hundred and fifty-three and thirteen hundredths tons. She was a stern wheel steamer, and carried passengers and freight. She was considered here a first-class boat, but in the lower waters took a lower grade. She was valued at $16,000, and was insured in home companies for half her value, but was not insured against explosion. She left here, as we learn, on the 19th of January, with several passengers and a full freight, consisting in good part of agricultural implements. She had the large barge "Monarch" in tow. She left New Orleans for this city on the evening of the 3d instant, bringing no freight, but quite a number of passengers.

Mr. Dravo, the clerk, was left at New Orleans, and proceeded thence by rail to Memphis, where he arrived and heard of the disaster. Mr. Reese telegraphed him to go immediately and attend to the wounded, recover the bodies of the killed, and have them forwarded to their homes.

# SECOND EDITION.

*FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.*

## THE CAPITAL.

### Nominations—Alaska Seal Trade —Official Statement of Revenue Receipts — Georgia Politics— Small Pox Among the Indians— The Outrage at Havana—Revenue Seizure at Chicago—Funds in the Treasury.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, February 11, 1870.

NOMINATIONS.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations: Passed Assistant Paymaster George L. Mead to be Paymaster; Passed Assistant Paymaster Wm. H. Woodhull to be Paymaster; Commander Jonathan Young to be restored to his original position; Assistant Naval Constructor John W. Easby to be Naval Constructor; Hon. F. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul at Matamoras.

SEAL TRADE IN ALASKA.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a communication to the House in relation to the seal trade of Alaska, says the proposition to lease the Islands for a term of years to private parties for an annual rental is objectionable, because it would give the exclusive control of one branch of industry important to the people of the United States. If the preparation of skins for use should be transferred from London to this country, he proposes that the Treasury Department assume the entire control of the business of the Island and establish a rigid system of military and naval police, excluding every body but its own servants and agents and carry on the fur and seal business with the natives by means of Treasury agents, the skins to be sold by the Government at auction in San Francisco or New York, and the profits, if any, applied to the education and religious instruction of the natives, and generally for their physical, intellectual and moral improvement. The expenses of maintaining military and naval forces would not be much greater than at present. He suggests that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to appoint agents to superintend this business, and that an appropriation of $50,000 be made for the salaries to be paid for the labor performed by them and other expenses incident to the business be defrayed.

REVENUE—OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The official statement shows the receipts of Internal Revenue for the year ending December from all sources were: New York, $36,500,000, including nearly $5,000,000 from spirits and over $7,500,000 from tobacco. Pennsylvania, 17,000,000, including spirits, $4,000,000; tobacco, $22,98,000; New Jersey, aggregate, $3,670,000; spirits, $303,000; tobacco, $490,000. Massachusetts, $10,300,000; spirits, $1,343,000; tobacco, $562,000. Kentucky, $9,000,000; spirits, $6,500,000; tobacco, $1,257,000. Illinois, $11,000,000; spirits, $7,700,000; tobacco, 1,765,000. Indiana, $4,000,000; spirits, $2,593 000; tobacco, $288,000. Maryland, $5,000,000; spirits, $1,657,000; tobacco, $1,397,000. Ohio, $18,000,000; spirits, $10,681,000; tobacco, $2,317,000. Wisconsin, $3,000,000; spirits, $739,000; tobacco, $44,000. California, $4,500,000, spirits, $997,000; tobacco, $3,000. Missouri, $5,700,000; spirits, $1,800,000; tobacco, $1,741,000. Louisiana, $2,296,000; spirits, $443,000; tobacco, $728. Virginia, $4,333,000; spirits, $650,000; tobacco, $320,000. The returns from other States and Territories are given, showing the aggregate of $187,195,000 from all internal revenue sources.

GEORGIA SENATORS.

Hon. Joshua Hill and Dr. Miller, formerly elected United States Senators from Georgia, are still here and will present their credentials at the proper time. Should the legislature elect other Senators, it will rest with the Senate to determine which are entitled to seats. The President has taken no side in the controversy regarding Georgia politics, as he believes a settlement of the question rests with Congress. There seems no doubt he has full confidence in the representations of Gen. Terry.

SMALL POX AMONG THE INDIANS.

The Commercial has just arrived with the survivors of the ill-fated Maggie Hays, about twenty in number. Capt. Martin was not killed, but severely injured and died on board the Commercial. His body was left at Helena. Capt. Dravo, first clerk, will convey it home.

The following deck hands, all colored, were lost: James Mardins, New Orleans; Tom Wilson, David Skinner, Belfair; John Haynes, Pittsburgh.

The passengers lost everything, but funds were raised by the passengers on the Commercial to relieve their immediate wants.

The pilots, Eugene Hamlin and Samuel P. Jones, were both in the pilot house at the time; saw the smoke and steam rush and felt the boat tremble. As soon as the smoke cleared they saw the forward part of the boat was gone and steered here for shore. Jones getting on the wheel jumped ashore and Hamlin cut the chimney guys, made a line, threw it out and soon had her made fast, but despite the efforts of the surviving crew the fire had gotten under headway and soon wrapped the entire boat in flames.

Mrs. Derr, of Pittsburgh, was sitting in the clerk's office, and was blown through the bulk head into the cabin, but not hurt.

The pilots say the boilers were patched at Natches, Vicksburg, and at the mouth of the schuite they had tied up again to patch the larboard boiler, and had just gotten fully under way when the explosion occurred.

A number of the crew and passengers will leave by rail to-morrow for their homes. All speak in the highest terms of the conduct of the officers and passengers of the Commercial.

The first news of the calamity was received in this city Thursday night, in a special dispatch to Mr. James Reese, one of the owners of the boat. No particulars were given, other than the assurance to Mr. Reese that his relatives on board were safe.

A second dispatch, from Mr. James Dravo, clerk of the Maggie Hays, was received yesterday, from Memphis, stating that the Captain, B. C. Martin, the second engineer, Mr. Parker, of Cincinnati, and eight deck hands had been killed by the explosion, and that Wm. Reese, a young son of Mr. Reese, who was acting as second clerk, was scalded, but would recover. Mr. Reese's daughter, Mrs. Derr, and another lady, her sister-in-law, Mrs. Sedan, were also on board, but escaped without injury.

The steamboat Maggie Hays was built here in 1864, and was owned by Messrs. James Reese and Benjamin Coursin, the former owning three-fourths and the latter one-fourth of her. Her tonnage was four hundred and fifty-three and thirteen hundredths tons. She was a stern wheel steamer, and carried passengers and freight. She was considered here a first-class boat, but in the lower waters took a lower grade. She was valued at $16,000, and was insured in home companies for half her value, but was not insured against explosion. She left here, as we learn, on the 19th of January, with several passengers and a full freight, consisting in good part of agricultural implements. She had the large barge "Monarch" in tow. She left New Orleans for this city on the evening of the 3d instant, bringing no freight, but quite a number of passengers.

Mr. Dravo, the clerk, was left at New Orleans, and proceeded thence by rail to Memphis, where he arrived and heard of the disaster. Mr. Reese telegraphed him to go immediately and attend to the wounded, recover the bodies of the killed, and have them forwarded to their homes.

## STATE LEGISLATURES.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—The majority of the Committee of the House on intoxicating liquors presented a report submitting a license law, suppressing public bars and tippling shops, allowing licensed inn holders and common victualers to sell to their guests, to be drank on the premises, and licensed liquor dealers grocers, apothecaries and druggists, brewers and distillers to sell, not to be drank on the premises. The fees for license are fixed at $100 to $1500. A minority report was presented taking strong ground against license in any form.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, February 11.—In the Legislature to-day Gov. Rye, of Shenandoah, was elected State Treasurer, receiving 119 out of 157 votes. Rye is a native of Shenandoah, and in that county cast his vote for Hale, Fremont and Lincoln for President. He was Secretary of the Constitutional Convention. The Conservative member who nominated him explained it was done as an indication that Virginia intended to forget past party differences.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 11.—The House to-day passed the mixed education bill. The election bill was reported favorably and made the special order for Monday. The House adjourned till Monday in honor of Abraham Lincoln. In the Senate the House bill providing for $3,000,000 in bonds for the Board of Public Works to pay for work done was referred. A bill was also referred to provide bonds to the amount of $5,000,000 to pay for the construction of levees.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 11.—The Legislature has enacted a law postponing county elections from the first Saturday to the fourth Saturday in March. The object is to submit the amended Constitution to the people at the same time.

## NEWS BY CABLE.

### Quiet Reigns in Paris—Discovery of a Conspiracy Against the Government—The British Parliament—The India Telegraph Cable—Rumor of Another Carlist Insurrection—The Discontent in Russia.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 11.—The city is quiet. There was no disturbance during the night and places of business were open as usual. The police patrolled the streets but made no arrests. Over four hundred persons have been apprehended during the past three days. The magistrates are investigating the cases as rapidly as possible. All persons to be prosecuted are to be sent elsewhere for confinement. Gustave Flourens is still at large.

The *Memorial Diplomatique* denies the rumor that the French Government has complained of Prussia's non-fulfillment of the treaty of the Prague.

The police authorities profess they have discovered an extensive conspiracy against the government and are actively engaged in searching for parties implicated. A great number of arrests were made last night and to-day. It is stated the editors of the *Marseillaise* and two editors of the *Revell* were arrested on charges connected with the alleged conspiracy.

A policeman in plain clothing was shot and killed yesterday by a mechanic, whom he was endeavoring to arrest

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING 84, AND 86 FIFTH AV.

SATURDAY, FEB. 12, 1870.


PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 58½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 92¼@92½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 120@120¼.

THE Legislature has adjourned over until next Monday evening. Were that a final adjournment, it would have been better for the Commonwealth.

WE have accounts of another terrible marine disaster, and to a Pittsburgh boat. The Maggie Hays exploded her boiler, took fire and sank, in the lower Mississippi, on the 10th. Six lives were lost, including the Captain and perhaps others, who were well-known to our citizens.

ON the 10th, before the Executive veto of the Philadelphia police bill, the *Press* of that city said:

The peace and quiet of the city, the safety of the property and lives of the citizens, to-day rest with Governor Geary. He can sign the police bill and save the city, or refuse to do so and remit us to disorder, lawlessness, and taxes.

HISTORY repeats itself. We have Andrew Johnson again; but in miniature at Harrisburg. We observe gratifying indications that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, in or out of its Legislature, will grapple as boldly and successfully with the present situation, as they did with the more serious affliction of four years since.

A NEW and very rich silver district has been discovered in Nevada. Several mining companies have been formed, one of which is in operation, taking out $400 to the ton of ore, which is so abundant that two men take out two tons per day. It is stated that there is in that mine a vein twenty inches wide which assays eight thousand dollars to the ton. Still another district has been found supposed to be equally rich, in which the silver is mixed with copper.

OUR LATE District Attorney has advertised in the *Dispatch*, at great length and an enormous expense, sundry certificates to his sterling Republicanism, from N. P. Sawyer, Esq., and the late Edgar Cowan, with other documents of similar value. Since he has been dismissed to private life, we have no present call to discuss the intrinsic merits of his publication. Should other circumstances hereafter render it necessary, we shall then not fail to recur again to a somewhat remarkable case.

THE pompous and protracted ceremonies attending the obsequies of Mr. Peabody, have sadly marred the beautiful and grateful memories which cluster around his name. The greatest of all Philanthropists was entombed hastily, and without any ceremony at all, that his funeral might not interfere with, or scandalize, some pompous ceremonials just about to be entered upon; yet his burial was just such as all who love and revere him would wish to have had it. It was humble, decent, respectful, sanctified by tears of genuine affection, and shrouded by unutterable sadness.

THE KANSAS LEGISLATURE is memorializing Congress to open a navigable communication between *the Ohio and James rivers*. What, it may be asked, do the people away out there, beyond the Missouri, want with a water communication from the Ohio to the James, through the midst of the two Virginias? It is that they may have water carriage all the way from Kansas to the Atlantic for their surplus produce, which they believe would be cheaper than railroad transportation. They had better give up all such moonshine projects, and go in for a national policy which will build up manufactures and give them markets nearer home. For Kansas farmers to think of reaching foreign markets, at rates which they can stand, is simply absurd.

THE Republicans of the XXIst Congressional District will feel the most, sincere gratification, in witnessing the final triumph of their efforts to preserve the purity of the suffrage. The legal title of Hon. JOHN COVODE, to the representation of that District in the present Congress, has been so clearly proved that the seat was awarded to him on the 9th, members of both parties warmly congratulating him on his success. His late competitor, Mr. Foster, did not even put in an appearance, when the case was brought to judgment. He declined to face the music. Many of his friends freely admitted that he had been fairly beaten, but partizan considerations required them to give their formal votes against the just claims of the now sitting member.

WE CONGRATULATE the Coalition at Harrisburg for their adhesion to the principle of the inviolability of contracts. Each party to that league has thus far kept its faith. The Senate has been turned over to the Democracy, who will secure apportionments of the State to suit all the contracting parties, including the Governor, who aspires to the Federal Senate in 1873. The Philadelphia corruption-funds, the price of the Treasurer's office, have no doubt been equitably divided. That office has been awarded, as per contract, to a gentleman who refuses to testify to his former execution of the same trust. The police bill has been killed, as agreed. The new county bill, to feather the nests of its friends, will also pass as stipulated for. Next, the canal swindle will go through—and then the contract will be completely performed. Really, it would seem, from this view, that honor is still found among thieves!

### NUMBERING THE PEOPLE.

The Census of 1870 will be taken under the direction of the Interior Department, and in pursuance of the provisions of the law of twenty years ago, under which the enrollments of '50 and '60 have been made. By this Act, the House will remain at its present number of two undred and forty-four members, unless therwise enacted. We regard it as oubtful if the Senate will ever sanction n increase of this number, when that question should be presented as a single issue. The enumeration will be made by the Marshals of the several districts, and the apportionment thereon of members to the several States will be ascertained by the Secretary, who will divide their aggregate populations by 244, to ascertain the ratio for each number. The Act of '50 is clear and simple in its provisions, of which we thus briefly give the substance.

Assuming that the total population will be returned at forty millions, the ratio will be of one member for 164,000 people. The freedmen will not only be enumerated, but will politically count, life for life, with the whites. Hence the representation from the South will be *pro rata* larger than ever before. For this decade to come, therefore, the progress of our political empire will be divided between the South and the West.

Whatever may be the effect of this enumeration upon the representation of Pennsylvania, we have no apprehensions that our own county of Allegheny will be shorn of any degree of her present influence. Indeed, it is more than probable, considering the extraordinary increase in the population of these cities and boroughs, as well as of the rural districts, that Allegheny will be found entitled to be reckoned for at least two districts, without crossing her county lines.

### THE KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY.

*The Denver Branch.*—The work on this important thoroughfare is steadily progressing, about a mile of track being laid daily. A letter from one of the engineers, dated January 27th, now before us, says:

"The end of the track is just fifty miles from Sheridan, and will reach Kit Carson, eighty-three miles, about March 1st. The track is much better laid than usual. Each tie is bedded and hammered down, so that the road keeps smooth afterwards, and the rails are not bent."

In about four months this road will be completed to Denver. A few days ago the last of the bonds required for the work, $1,500,000, were negotiated in London, so that the work may now be prosecuted with great vigor. The completion of this road will be the beginning of a new era in Colorado, and the opening up to tourists of the grandest and most salubrious region in the world. The road will be finished in time for the seekers of health and pleasure to make that tour the present year; and with these will go very many in search of mines and homes. Colorado will very soon be among the most progressive of the western States; but it will be different in many respects from anything found on this side; for to develope its mineral resources will require large capital, and the highest order of science and skill. Even agriculture out there will require the skill of the engineer and the power of extensive co-operation, for it can only be prosecuted by means of irrigation.

We congratulate the company who are pushing this great work across the plains of Kansas and Colorado upon their enterprise, and predict for them a large measure of success. As they will unquestionably have a very heavy trade, we beg leave to suggest that the passenger and transportation rates shall be put at figures which will at once result in the largest amount of both business and revenue. High rates would retard greatly the settlement of the country, and lead to the construction of competing lines before there is sufficient business to sustain more than one.

*The Main Line.*—A bill is now before Congress to authorize the construction of what has ever been regarded as the main line of that road, in a southwestern direction through southeastern Colorado into New Mexico, beginning at some point on the road already finished—probably at Cheyenne Wells, a few miles west of the western border of Kansas—and terminating, so far as is provided for in that bill, at El Passo in New Mexico. This bill makes a *land grant* to aid in the construction of the road, but provides for no subsidy in government bonds.

We thought it would come to that by and by. An enormous subsidy was granted to the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific companies in bonds—$16,000, $32,000 and $48,000 per mile, respectively across the Plains, the Central Basin, and the mountain sections. The Kansas Pacific (then known as the Union Pacific, Eastern Division,) also received a subsidy to the amount of $16,000 per mile for a little over 400 miles; but then Congress shut down upon it, and the work lay suspended for a year or so, until the company became strong enough to push on to Denver without a subsidy other than a land grant, much of which, across the great plains, is of very little value.

Now it seems that the company is able and willing to undertake the greater work of carrying forward the main line almost to the southern extremity of New Mexico. From the Rio Grande another company, or other companies, will carry on the work to the Pacific at several ports, ultimately terminating at San Francisco. There are two routes from the Rio Grande to the Pacific: one beginning at Albuquerque, and following the 35th parallel through Arizona, to the Great Colorado, and thence into Southern California; the other from El Paso, following the 32d parallel through Arizona, along the valley of the Gila, to Southern California at or near Fort Yuma, thence to San Diego, and also to San Francisco. The latter route runs near to the northern line of Mexico; and its construction would be very likely to result in the annexation of a large slice of that remote section of that turbulent Republic to the United States. It is a good country, rich in minerals, but sparsely populated, and semi-barbarous.

But to return to the road contemplated in the bill of which we are speaking. For nearly its entire length it skirts the base of the Rocky Mountains, and, for many miles, it passes over or near to rich and extensive veins of coal, iron, copper, silver and gold. "One coal vein in New Mexico," says a statement now before us, "along the contemplated route, shows a thickness of ten feet, and a range of about sixty miles." There is not much risk in building a railway through such a country as that.

To make grants of lands to aid in the construction of this road is a better business operation for the Government than it is for the company. The grant is every alternate section for a width of twenty miles on each side of the road. The reserved sections are then put at double price, which leaves the Government just the same nominal money value in those lands that it had before the grant was made. So far as railroads have been constructed in Kansas and elsewhere on this principle, experience has shown that these double price tracts, because of their proximity to the roads, sell much more readily than do the single price lands beyond the twenty mile range. But in the still more remote regions through which this road will run, lands without a railroad, and without the prospect of one, are worth nothing at all. They would lie there unsold, unsettled, a mere stamping ground for hostile savages, for a century to come. For any national utility they might as well be in the moon.

But make this road, and millions of these acres will become valuable and sale able; the country will settle; mines will be opened and worked; and before this century is out, enough of mineral treasures may be unearthed to pay the national debt. The nation ought to be glad that enterprising men are willing to do such a work on such terms.

That road is admirably located. While the Union Pacific runs squarely across the mountains, touching no valuable mineral region this side of Nevada, this one, with its Denver branch and its main line, gives easy access to the Rocky Mountains in their richest part for hundreds of miles. As an avenue to the Pacific it is better than the other; but the wealth it will develope in Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona will do more to enrich and expand the nation than all the trade of the Pacific can ever do.

### RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

Prominent among the noble things growing out of the reunion of the Presbyterian Old and New school bodies is, the collection of a monumental fund of five millions of dollars, to create and endow grand projects, outside of the ordinary denominational demands. The Joint Committee suggest the following objects: 1. Theological Seminaries and Colleges, including buildings and endowment of the same. 2. Literary Institutions for the raising of a native Gospel ministry in heathen lands. 3. Church buildings originating subsequently to the Union, and otherwise entitled to public aid—Hospitals and Orphan Asylums. 4. Institutions for the Education and Evangelization of the Freedmen. 5. Special contributions for the increase of the Permanent Fund for the Support of Disabled Ministers, and their Families.

The *Independent* represents that the students of the Union Theological Seminary, New York, are addressed once a month by leading clergymen. The elder Dr. Tyng spoke recently. He attributed his success to the fact that he had never sought for eloquence, nor for literary reputation; but had simply and constantly preached the fullness of the Savior's love, repeating this theme over and over. He did not tell men that if they would forsake their sins and repent, God would forgive them; but that God had already forgiven them, and now they were to accept the pardon.

The pastors of the Cincinnati churches have organized themselves into a kind of clerical staff, for the purpose of giving spiritual counsel, and advice to the sick and wounded in the Cincinnati Hospital. Heretofore the Catholic priests ministered exclusively, until the Protestant ministers were shamed into the work.

Rev. W. E. McClaren, formerly of this city, now pastor of the Westminster, (O. S.,) Presbyterian church, Detroit, Michigan, who is versed in editorial work, is to be the managing editor, under Dr. Swazey, of the *Interior*, the new Presbyterian paper.

Henry Ward Beecher, in a recent discourse, speaking of the excellency of one of the hymns of Charles Wesley, "Jesus, lover of my soul," says that he would rather have written that hymn than to have the fame of all the kings that ever sat upon the earth. It is more glorious—it has more power in it. That hymn will go singing until the last trump brings forth the angel band, and then he thinks it will mount upon some lips to the very presence of God.

The estimated value of the churches and parsonages of the Methodist Episcopal Church five years ago, was $26,883,-76, an average contribution of each member of *twenty-nine* dollars. The reports of 1869 place the value at $54,115,300, which gives each member nearly *forty-two* dollars, as his ownership in churches and parsonages.

The *Presbyterian*, in answer to the question, what course will the United Presbyterian Church do with churches of the New School branch mixed with Congregationalists, says that imperfectly organized churches are expected to become thoroughly Presbyterian as early, within the period of five years, as may be permitted by the highest interests to be consulted, and no such churches shall be hereafter received.

A Bible Readers' Society was organized not long since in Philadelphia. There were one hundred and fifty ladies present, representing every evangelical denomination. A Board of fifty Managers were elected, from which officers were chosen. Mrs. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was elected President, Mrs. Bishop Stevens, of the Protestant Episcopal, was chosen first Vice President, and other denominations were also represented in the list of Vice Presidents, and other officers.

Rev. R. S. Vas Cleve, of the Presbytery of Erie, has received and accepted a unanimous call to the Presbyterian Church of Leetsdale, Presbytery of Allegheny City.

Rev. Philip H. Turner, just installed pastor of the Gardnersville Lutheran congregation, has held a protracted meeting for over six weeks, and thus far one hundred and nineteen persons have presented themselves for prayer—most of whom are considered hopefully converted.

The Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, Saturday week, has reports of recent revivals, showing a summary of nine hundred and seventy-eight conversions and accessions to the churches.

The Boston Roman Catholic Cathedral will cost over five million of dollars.

In a recent work on baptism the term "Infant Baptism" is changed to "Household baptism," as being more scriptural. The root idea advanced in the *Paz Vobiseum; or, the Bible and the Family*, is, that the individual is not the unit of the Church, but that the family is; and that the promises of the Bible are not to the man who believes alone, but to him and his household—so that he has a right not only to bring his children with him into the Church, as Noah took his sons into the ark, by his own faith, but that he may rest just as sure of their salvation as of his own.

Dr. Sheldon, of Troy, argues forcibly that the entire nominal Catholic population does not embrace over one seventh of the whole population of the country, while Methodism has a constituency quite as large, the Baptists nearly or quite as many, the Presbyterians half as many, et cetra.

The Episcopal Theological school, called "Nashotah Mission," in Wisconsin, says the *Advance*, has no endowment, but forty-nine students and four professors, "depending for their daily bread upon the daily mail."

A movement is on foot to make the necessary arrangements for observing the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary, or Congregational Jubilee. It is proposed to hold a convention consisting of delegates from theological seminaries and benevolent societies, one from each editorial staff, and two from associations and conferences, to meet in New York next month, and decide upon the methods and the use of the best means to attain the ends in view.

Thursday, the 24th of February, is the day set apart by many churches as a day of prayer for God's blessings upon colleges and other seminaries.

It is stated the Unitarians have in this country three hundred and twenty-six churches and two hundred and forty-five ministers.

The annual exhibit of the Freedmen's Aid Society, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, for the year 1869, shows a gratifying increase in its work since 1867. The receipts reach ninety-three thousand dollars. Sixty schools have been organized, with one hundred and five teachers and ten thousand pupils. The society has been instrumental in putting up over one hundred and twenty thousand dollars in normal and common school buildings in the South.

The Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania is fostering several noble charities in connection with the churches. Two of these institutions, the "Home for Girls," and "Orphan Asylum" for boys, are worthy of notice. A benevolent lady has given a number of acres near Philadelphia, to erect a suitable building for the Home, which will cost about forty thousand dollars. The Orphan Asylum, according to the report for 1869, contains one hundred and nineteen boys. It is proposed to erect a building on Eleventh street, Philadelphia, to be a home for those who leave the Asylum to learn trades until they reach full age. We believe there is a Hospital, and a Theological School, also under the auspices of that Diocese.

### The Guillotine.

All the accounts of Tropmann's execution agree about the struggle which took place on the scaffold after he had been strapped down on the fatal plank, and the idea is that he attempted to force himself into the lunette, receive the blow on his shoulder, and be maimed, not killed. However, Monsieur de Paris is a powerful and expert individual, and soon mastered his victim. There is an anecdote told here of a powerful fellow called Montcharmont who was condemned to death at Macon, for having killed five gendarmes; on the scaffold he siezed hold of the executioner, pushed his head into the lunette, and touched the spring; the executioner was badly placed, and only received a gash on the crown of his head, but he went mad. Montcharmont was taken back to prison, tried for this new offense, and again sentenced to death. This time he was strapped, but he made a violent effort to escape the knife, and was only wounded. It was only on the third attempt that Montcharmont expiated his crimes.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.—Alluding to the attempt of certain 'agitators' to repeal the excellent law changing the Spring election to the Fall, the Norristown *Herald* says:

We trust that nothing is seriously contemplated by any of the members of the Legislature by which the State will again be saddled with the unnecessary excitement attending the Spring elections. That many of the districts require additional election precincts is true, but it is by far better to create these and thus divide the labor of election day. The men nominated for the township and ward offices should not be afraid to meet the test of a full vote, such as the fall elections bring out.


### VARICOSE OR BROKEN VEINS.

Thousands of persons suffer year in and year out with a broken down condition of the veins of the legs, which in our times are easily relieved and frequently susceptible of cure, and suffer on, only because they do not know where and to whom to apply for relief. Now, to give the needful information in cases like this, seems to us a proper duty on part of the newspaper press, and it gives us great pleasure to be able to recommend all such to Dr. KEYSER, OF 167 WOOD STREET, whose vast number of appliances, and his great skill in chronic diseases, enables him to afford the greatest amount of relief that the present state of science can afford. Besides these varicose conditions to which we have referred above, there are other sources of inconvenience and suffering, such as swellings and abnormal growths, which the Doctor, with his appliances, is sure to relieve.

Then again the abdominal weaknesses and sinking feeling peculiar to females, is a source of terrible suffering and anxiety; for these the Doctor has bells and supporters which are so constructed as to insure at least immunity from suffering when they do not promise a certainty of cure.

The Doctor's experience covers a period of over thirty years, besides, a natural aptness for this department of his profession, makes him more than ordinarily skillful. The suffering that is entailed upon future generations by neglect of the proper means to correct the present evils, ought of itself be a sufficient cause to enlist not only the attention of persons themselves, but also that of all intelligent physicians.

Dr. Keyser's Office and Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street.

JANUARY 25, 1870.

### WHAT DOES REASON SAY!

The little mongoose when bitten by a deadly serpent recurs to a certain plant, eats of it, and escapes the effect of the poison. That is instinct. Human beings on the other hand, must depend on reason and experience in selecting the means of protecting health and life against unwholesome influences. Now, what does reason say on this vital subject? Does it not tell us that to invigorate and purify the system is the best way to protect it against the invisible poison which generates disease? Surely it does. The next question is, what guide shall we follow in choosing a medicinal safeguard? Reason replies, let your guide be experience. Well, the experience of eighteen years combined in one unbroken series of satisfactory testimonials—such as that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters possess strengthening, regulating and antiseptic properties which are not combined in the same happy form, therefore, in the anticote to which reason recommends them to all requiring specialties.

A. G. CURTIN, ex-Gov. of Pennsylvania.
A. L. RUSS, Asst.-Gen. of Pennsylvania.
L. M. ROSSEAU, M. D., Penn street, Pgh.
J. R. DICK, Banker, Meadville, Pennsylvania.

Having had the pleasure of examining Dr. Edward S. Frank's Patent Improved Spectacles, we find them, experimentally, really valuable also to defective vision.

The lenses are ground, polished and centred by machinery, mathematically accurate to produce a truly perfect lens. As such, we recommend them.

John W. Geary, Governor of Pennsylvania.
A. Domenec, Bishop of Pittsburgh.
John Dickson, M. D., Penn street, Pittsburgh.
S. A. Sherrick, M. D., (Oculist,) Penn street, Pittsburgh.
James L. McFarland, President Merchants National Bank, Meadville, Pennsylvania.

It gives us much pleasure to say that we have inspected Dr. E. S. Franks' very complete assortment of Spectacles and Lenses, and find them excellently calculated to remedy such imperfections of vision as can be benefitted by the Optician.

The material used in the manufacture of his glasses is of remarkable purity and beauty, and adds very much to their value.

We recommend him with cheerfulness to the confidence of all who may require his services.

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C. Schee, M. D., Harrisburg, Pa.

We have examined what we conceive to be an assortment of Spectacles, manufactured under Dr. Edward S. Franks' Patent, admirably adapted to the various infirmities of that exquisitely delicate organ, the Human Eye, whether the impaired vision is the result of disease, or the natural weakness incident to old age.

We regard the specimens of Dr. Franks the best we have ever seen, and as such recommend them.

Hon. W. W. Hays, Mayor of Harrisburg.
Thomas J. Jordan, Brig. Gen. U. S. A., Harrisburg.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
jan11-TTHS



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A

WILLIAM

Nos. 180

FEDERAL STREET,

POPULAR BARGAINS.

A LARGE LOT OF

REAL KID GLOVES,

For $1.00 a pair—a great Bargain.

INFANTS WAISTS.

Loom Edgings,
Hamburg Edgings,
Plain Linen Shirt Fronts,
Embroidered Shirt Fronts.

LADIES' EMBOSSED FELT SKIRTS.

At $4.75—a great Bargain.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

Handkerchiefs and Neck Ties,
Collars and Cuffs,
Ladies' and Gent's Underwear,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S.

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

10 BOXES

GENTS PAPER COLLARS

*For 60 Cents,*

Good Style and Make.

Ladies' and Children's Best Quality

CASHMERE STOCKINGS,

*At One-Half Usual Prices.*

OPENED THIS MORNING.

GENTLEMEN'S

NEW SILK BOWS AND SCARFS.

Merchants and Dealers

SUPPLIED AT EASTERN PRICES,

AT

MACRUM, GLYDE & Co's,

78 and 80 Market Street.

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AT

HORNE & CO'S.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

New Embroideries.
Hamburg Flounings,
Hamburg Edgings,
Hamburg Insertings,
Laces and Lace Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Gent's Green and Brown Alexander's Kid Gloves, in all sizes.

Ladies' White and Colored Danton Kids, a full line, at $1.25.

Gent's White Danton Kids, all sizes, $1.25.

Cloth, Silk and Fur Topped Kid Gloves.

HOSIERY.

Large assortment of Heavy Cotton Hose and Heavy Fleeced Hose, at the reduced prices.

Woolen Hosiery, at a great reduction.

Opened this morning, another lot of Handkerchief Ties and Pullman Palace Bows.

Elegant Sash and Bow Ribbons.

Corsets of all sizes and qualities.

Hair Switches in real hair and imitation.

Chignons, &c., &c.

A FULL ASSORTMENT

JUST RECEIVED.

Customers will find our stock well assorted and prices the very lowest.

77 & 79 *MARKET STREET.*

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ONLY A

*SHORT TIME LONGER,*

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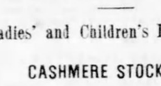
Corner Duquesne Way and 7th st.,

ROOM No. 7.



FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY,

PROF. E. S. FRANKS, M. D.,

Lecturer on the Human eye, its diseases and Spectacles. Optician and Oculist, to the New York Hospital, and Eye and Ear Infirmary, with a large stock of his Patented and Improved Spectacles for sale.

N. B. Specialty, disease of the Eye and Ear.

TESTIMONIALS.

Prof. EDWARD S. FRANKS, Optician: I take great pleasure in stating that I have used the spectacles you adjusted to my eyes when here, and they have given me most entire satisfaction. I have never before had a pair so entirely suited to my vision and that enabled me to read so long with so little inconvenience.

Respectfully yours,
MILLARD FILMORE, Ex-Pres't U. S.

I have had the Improved Spectacles adjusted to my sight from an examination of the eyes alone, by Edward S. Franks, M. D., which enables me to read much finer print, and much better than with any I have heretofore used.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, Pres't U. S.

We have every satisfaction in recommending Dr. EDWARD S. FRANKS improved and patented Spectacles to the confidence of our citizens. He is an optician of rare scientific abilities, and adapts his spectacles with great and remarkable skill to the various diseases of the eye.

He selects spectacles for us with the first pair, at the first attempt, which enabled us to read with greater distances and comfort than those we already possess. We with great cheerfulness recommend them to all requiring spectacles.

A. G. CURTIN, ex-Gov. of Pennsylvania.
A. L. RUSS, Asst.-Gen. of Pennsylvania.
L. M. ROSSEAU, M. D., Penn street, Pgh.
J. R. DICK, Banker, Meadville, Pennsylvania.

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Hon. W. W. Hays, Mayor of Harrisburg.
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Office hours from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
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DILWORTH, HARPER & CO.,

243 Liberty Street,

(Opposite head of Wood street,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

*Pittsburgh, Pa.*

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Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

Manufacturers of LIGHT GREY IRON,

CASTINGS.

Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand.

Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 304, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja28:113

CHEAP

STOVES AND TINWARE,

FENDERS, COAL BOXES, FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at

P. C. DUFFY'S,

ja29:64 146 Grant street.

GUM CLOTHING.

COATS, PANTS, OVERALLS, CAPS, &c.

Also, Oiled Clothing of all kinds always on hand and for sale, wholesale or retail, by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

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H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.

Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

30 CASKS PEARL ASH IN store and for sale, by

J. B. CANFIELD

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READ! READ! READ!

CORNS

Removed in one minute, without bleeding or leaving soreness; Bunions and Diseased Nails Removed in a few minutes. All operations performed without pain or bloodshed!

Perfect comfort immediately!

No poisonous medicine used!

No sore feet after operating!

Enlarged and Stiff Joints treated successfully. Frost-Bite and Chilblains cured in a few days.

Satisfaction given or money refunded. Good City References given.

Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 12 M., and 1 to 5½ P. M. Sundays, 9 to 12 A. M.

Remember the place, No. 49 Sixth street, old St. Clair, up stairs.

Dr. D. PETERSON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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FOR SALE.

A SUPERB VOLUME.

*Price 50 Cents.*

D. APPLETON & CO.,

90, 92 and 94 Grand Street,

NEW YORK,

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED,

NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED,

CONTAINING

Forty-eight Pictures,

Engraved in the best style, of

*The Principal Points of Interest in the Great Metropolis,*

Pronounced by the press "the cheapest and most beautiful volume ever published."

PRICE, Paper Covers, 50 Cents; Cloth, $1.

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*JUST PUBLISHED:*

"Leaves from a Trooper's Dairy,"

Narrating some experiences of a member of the above named regiment in Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Georgia,

WITH AN APPENDIX,

Comprising an authentic account of the famous "Mutiny" in the Anderson Cavalry, and of the affairs that led to it.

In one elegant volume, colored cloth, with an original design on the cover.

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Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Address,

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CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.

REDUCED.

Oil Cloths, Window Shades,

DRUGGETS.

DRUGGET SQUARES,

Ingrain Carpets,

At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

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REDUCTION IN

CARPETS

For a Short Time to Prepare for

SPRING TRADE.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO

Have marked their goods down below last season's prices. Full lines of

*Carpets,*
*Oil Cloths,*
*Druggets, &c.,*

AT

EASTERN PRICES.

Rare bargains can be secured by those anticipating their wants by taking advantage of the inducements offered by

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,

23 Fifth Avenue.

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HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Positive Reduction in Prices

OF

PIANO COVERS,

*Mosaic,*
*Axminster,*
*Wilton Rugs,*
*Crumb Cloths,*
*&c., &c.*

M'CALLUM BROS.,

*No. 55 FIFTH AVENUE,*

de23 ABOVE WOOD STREET.

WOOLEN DRUGGETS

AND

FELT CARPETS,

1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 3⅝

*YARD WIDE.*

BORDERED SQUARES

Suitable for Parlors.

DINING ROOM CRUMB CLOTHS,

Woolen, Linen and Cotton,

AT LOWER PRICES THAN LAST SEASON

Notwithstanding the undiminished tariff on these goods.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

71 and 73 Fifth Avenue.

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WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
Of Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Dripe, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Rangoon Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle and Sparkling Hock Wine of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johann burg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Ferres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Segars, imported in bottles
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine Old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted

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GREAT INDUCEMENTS,

AT

No. 91 Federal Street,

CLOSING OUT SALES

OF

WINTER GOODS,

REGARDLESS OF COST,

To Make Room for Spring Stock.

Full line Old Ladies' Caps, wholesale and retail.

Ladies' Colored Corsets 65c.
4 pairs Children's Balmoral Hose for 25c.
Ladies' Handkerchiefs, 10c.
Ladies' New Style Chignons, 50c.

All Other Goods in Proportion, at

MRS. S. C. ROBB'S,

*91 Federal Street, Allegheny.*

TTH8

LARGE

HOUSE AND LOT,

72 Washington Street,

*ALLEGHENY.*

On THURSDAY, February 17th, at 2 o'clock, will be offered at public sale, on the premises, that very desirable property No. 74 Washington street, Fourth ward, Allegheny City. The lot has a front of 40 feet on Washington street and extends back about 270 feet. The house is a two story double brick with slate roof. There are parlor, setting room, library and kitchen on first floor, bath room, closet and five chambers on second floor and two finished attics. There are range, stationary wash tubs, servants room, gas and carriage house. The beautiful lot surrounding the dwelling and the retired locality render it very desirable as a place of residence. Possession given immediately. Liberal terms will be given.

A. LEGGATE,

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*Iron City College.*

Corner Penn and Sixth Streets,

(formerly St. Clair.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The most complete Business College in the United States.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

Students can commence at any time.

N. B.—Circulars containing full particulars on addressing the Principals,

SMITH & COWLEY,

no27:wg36-dT Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,

Wood St., cor. Second Avenue.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

Gold, Coupons, Bonds and Stocks

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

A. BRADLEY, President.
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

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OFFICIAL.

*PITTSBURGH.*

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Pa., February 9th, 1870.

DEPOSITARIES OF CITY FUNDS.—In pursuance of an ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Safe-Keeping and Custody of the Funds of the City," passed the 7th day of February, 1870, Sealed Proposals will be received by the undersigned from State Banks and savings Institutions of the city, setting forth the rate of interest such Banks or Savings Institutions will contract and agree to pay to the city for the use and advantage of the deposit of the city funds or money according to the terms and conditions of said ordinance. All bids to be handed in before 12 o'clock on MONDAY, the 28th day of February, 1870.

R. J. McGOWAN, Controller.

fe10

AN ORDINANCE opening Roup street, from Fifth avenue to Wilkins avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Roup street, from Fifth avenue to Wilkins avenue, in accordance with the plan in the Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits as ordered by John Beecher, Hamilton Shepard and Samuel Chadwick are hereby appointed in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved January 6th, 1854.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of January, A. D. 1870.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.

Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. fe9

AN ORDINANCE granting Jno. R. HAGUE right to erect an iron-clad building.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That John R. Hague be and is hereby authorized to erect an iron-clad building on corner of 38th and Smallman streets, 14th ward.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present

FINANCIAL.

**AMERICAN BANK,**

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL . . . . . $200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

**GOLD,**

**SILVER AND COUPONS,**

*Bought at Highest Prices.*

**PH. R. MERTZ, Banker,**

Cor. Wood St. and 5th Avenue

mss

**JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,**

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood St.,

**BANKERS,**

Buy and sell all kinds of

**GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,**

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.


## The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Feb. 11, 1870.

The tendency for gold remains still downward and the price declined at one time to 119¾, closing firm at from 119¾ @120¼ To account for this decline we must look back to the period of September last, when a powerful and unscrupulous combination of the most reckless gamblers in gold was formed for the purpose of forcing the market up to the highest possible point, in order to advance the market to the thousands of small operators who usually follow the train of the magnates of the gold room after a severe conflict of the contending parties. Thousands of small speculators turned up, who never before had handled a dollar of gold, basing their operations on the theory of former bull movements, forgetting entirely that our national finances had meanwhile gradually improved, and that fluctuations must be of smaller range the nearer we approach to a specie basis. A time of forty millions of gold in the banks of New York would have caused a rise in the interest for carrying gold of at least 10 to 12 per cent, whilst now it is carried at four per cent. This proves that the gold is not now held by the large cliques, but in a vast number of bona fide owners, who hold on to it for the purpose of eventually realizing a profit; that they will do so there is hardly a doubt, but whether their money would not have yielded more in almost any other venture is a precarious nobody will question. Judging from this, the restlessness of these small operators to realize profits, it is almost certain that a large amount of gold will soon be thrown on the market just as soon as the market remains below 120, and the improvement of our bonds in Europe will force the gold premium gradually down.

The decline in gold had a fair influence on the bond market, and prices declined about one per cent. More buyers appearing in the market at the decline, there was a slight improvement at the close.

Stocks are strong and in the average higher, with a fair prospect of further improvement to-morrow, when the bank statement shall be known, which is expected to be favorable.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 119¾; 86ver, 115; Eighty-one's, 117¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 114¾; do 1864, 114¼; do 1865, 114; do 1865, Consols, 113½; do 1867, 113½; do 1868, 113¾; Ten Forties, 112; Adams Express Company 62; Merchants Union Express Company, 6. American Express Company, 36; Western Union Telegraph, 35; New York Central 97¾; Reading, 97¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 92; Ohio & Mississippi, 30¾; Michigan Southern, 88¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 99; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, 120; Chicago & North Western, 73¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred 90¾; Erie 25.

| | Larger. | Small. |
|---|---|---|
| EXCHANGE. | | |
| London, per £ | $5,94 | $6,05 |
| Paris, per franc | 23 | 25½ |
| Berlin, thaler | 88 | 91 |
| Frankfort, florins | 50 | 53 |

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold; 120¼; United States Sixes, 1881, 117¼; Five-Twenties, 1862, 114¾; do. 1864, 114; do. 1865, 114; Ten-Forties, 112¾; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 113½; do. do. 1867 113¼; do. do. 1868, 113¼; Union Pacific Railroad, 87½; Central do, 90½; Cy Pacific, 111¾; Lake Superior —.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, February 11, 1870.

The ease in money is very marked to-day, and call loans range from 4 to 5 per cent., while at the close it was impossible to lend round amounts at 4 per cent. Prime acceptances pass at 6 per cent., and prime business notes at 7 to 8 Foreign Exchange quiet at 8¾ to 9 per cent. The gold market at one time this afternoon declined to 119¾, but rallied to 120@120¼ at the close. When telegrams from Washington announced the introduction of Senator Sherman's bill to accord belligerent rights to Cuba, the rates paid for carrying were 5, 6, 5¼, 4, 3 and 2 per cent. Clearances, $36,000,000.

Government lowers but recovered part of the decline and closed firm. Coupons, '81, 17¾@17¾; do '62, 14⅞@15; do '64, 14¼@14¾; do '65, 14¼@14¾; do now, 13¾@13¾; do '67, 13¾@13¾; do '68, 13¾@13¾; 10-40's, 12¾@12¾. Currencies 11¾@11¾.

Southern State securities, on afternoon call, advanced in Tennessees, North Carolinas and Louisianas, but there was very little change in the balance of the list. Missouris, 90¾; old Tennessees, 57¼; new do, 56¾; old Virginias, 62; new do, 62; old North Carolinas, 45¼; new do, 25¾; Louisiana Levee Sixes, 72¾.

Railway market feverish during this afternoon and at the close though firm was off the best prices of the day, but an upward turn was resisted quite stubbornly this afternoon by the "bears," but their efforts at depressing prices were not very successful, decline averaging only about 1 per cent. Miscellaneous and express stocks are without much change.

*Five-Thirty Prices.*—Canton, 59; Cumberland, 35; Western Union Telegraph, 35; Quicksilver, 13½; Mariposa, 10; do preferred, 20¾; Adams Express, 62½; Wells & Fargo, 19½; American, 36; United States, 60; Pacific Mail, 41; New York Central, 97; Erie, 25½; preferred, 42; Harlem, 150; Hudson scrip, 95¾; Reading, 97¾; Michigan Central, 122; Lake Shore, 88¼; Illinois Central, 149; Pittsburgh, 99; Northwestern, 73½; do preferred, 90¾; Rock Island, 119; St. Paul, 74½; preferred, 83¾; Wabash, 47; preferred 72; Ft. Wayne, 92¼; Terre Haute, 51; preferred, 62½; C. & A. 140; C. & M., 29¾; N. J. C., 99½; Dubuque, 109; St. Joe, 108¾; C. C. & I. C., 19.

Boston prices: Calumet, 65; Copper Falls, 5¼; Franklin, 9; Hecla, 91; Quincy, 29¾.

Sub-Treasury balance: gold, 376,319,-833; currency, $7,497,292. General balance, $81,102,742.

### Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, February 11.—There were 1540 beeves arrived to-day of rather thin to good quality, nothing very mean or extra fine being among them. The market was moderately active, but price ½c lower than Wednesday for equal quality. None were good enough to bring over 16¼c, viz: lot of 900 Illinois steers, 7 cwt, sold at 14@16¼c, and 96 Ohio, 7 cwt, at 12@16¼c. Some thin Missouri cattle, of 6 cwt, sold at 13@14c, with 6 cwt Texans at 12c. About all are sold, but the close is not strong, the weather threatening rain. Sheep unchanged: only 400 for to-day, mostly thin; selling at 5@6½c, with car 93 lb Ohio at 7¼c; 3 cars 70 lb Ohio brought 6¾. Hogs are quotable at 9¾@10¼c, with only 8 cars to-day. They are firm. Dressed unchanged, with a fair demand for western.

### PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Feb. 11, 1870.

Business generally continues very quiet and the markets are devoid of anything really new or important, nothing at least worth of special notice. The demand for all of the leading commodities is restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, while in regard to values there are no important changes. Hopes, however, are entertained that we will have a good spring trade, and it is earnestly desired that these hopes may be fully realized.

APPLES—In fair demand but unchanged; regular sales at $2,50@3,50 per bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—Quoted at 65@75c.

BUTTER—Is good supply and dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at 28@33c, for good to choice Roll—fancy, 35 cts.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—3@3½.

BEANS—Dull; sales at $2,20@2,60.

BROOM CORN—14@18 cts per pound.

BROOMS—Store prices: No. 2, $3,75. No. 3, $4,50; No. 4, $5,00; No. 5, $6,50. Carpet Brooms, $6,00@6,50.

CHEESE—Is steady but unchanged; Western Reserve and Hamburg, 16½@17; Factory, 17@17½; New York State Farm Dairy, 18@19; New York Goshen, 19¼@20

CARBON OIL—Continues quiet and unchanged Standard brands may be quoted at 26 in a jobbing way.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of prime cultivated at $14,00@15 per bbl.

DRESSED HOGS—Dull and unchanged; may be quoted at 10@10¼.

DRIED FRUIT—In good supply and dull but unchanged. Apples, 7@8c; Peaches at 8@9c for quarters, and 10@11 for halves. Blackberries, 14@16c; Pitted cherries, 25@30c per pound.

EGGS—Sales at 25c—some dealers asking 27 cts.

FEATHERS—Sales at 85@90, and the usual advance for small lots, in a retail way.

FLOUR—There is no improvement to note in the demand and no change to make in quotations. We continue to quote western flours at $5@5,50 for spring wheat, and $5,75@6 for winter. Rye flour, $5@5,5,25.

GRAIN—No movement in wheat here and, in the absence of sales, we continue to quote red winter wheat at $1,10@1,15 for fair to prime. Oats quiet and unchanged; dealers are buying at 45 and selling at 48@50—sale of one car, to a feeder, at 47. Rye is still quoted at 90, cash, and 93@95, time. Ear corn is quoted at 70 in first hands; shelled 75. Barley unchanged at $1@1,05 for spring, and $1,10@1,15 for fall.

HAY—Sold at Allegheny Diamond market, some 45 loads, at $14@22, as to quality and condition.

HUSKS—Sales at 2½@3c per pound.

HOMINY—Sales at $5,75@6,00 per bbl.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2@2,25 per bbl.

ONIONS—Sales at $2,50@3,00 per bbl, the outside figure for choice.

LARD OIL—City brands No. 1 extra quoted at $1,40@1,42, and No. 2 at 90. Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Chicago brands held higher.

PEANUTS—Tennessee at 8@9 cts.

PEAS—Dull; $2,50 per bushel.

POTATOES—Quiet and unchanged; sales in store at 50@55 per bushels—mainly at the inside quotation.

PROVISIONS—Market quiet and unchanged. Shoulders, 13@13¼ for Plain; 14c for Sugar Cured: Ribbed Sides, 15¾@16c; Clear Sides, 16¾; Breakfast Bacon, 18½c; Sugar Cured Hams 18½c. Dried Beef, 19¼@20c. Shoulders in pickle in tierces, 16c; choice kettle, 17½c; refined Lard, in buckets, 17½. Mess Pork, $29.

POULTRY—Receipts continue very light and market is almost bare. We continue to quote dressed chickens, at 14@15c., and dressed turkeys, 18@20c.

SEEDS—Clover Seed may be quoted at $8 buying, and $8,50 selling. Timothy seed quiet and unchanged at $4,50 @5. Flaxseed $2,10@2,15.

STRAW—Sales of rye straw at $10, and oats at $10@14.

SALT—Is quoted at $1,75 by the car load.

WHISKY—Highwines firmer at 98@ 99; rectified, $1,00; proof rectified, $1,10. Old whiskies scarce and firmer.

### PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY Feb. 11, 1870.

We published an extract from a New York journal the other day, in regard to the effect of the decline in gold on the price of oil. A correspondent objects to the impression which the extract above referred to was calculated to produce, and states the case as follows: "Orders from any foreign country are always expressed in the currency of the country from which they come. When the American merchant receives an order, ascertains at what rate he can secure freight, and at what rate he can sell his exchange, he then reduces these three items, viz: the price in the foreign country, freight, and rate of exchange, to **American gold; to the result arrived at,** he, by adding the correct premium on gold, ascertains the price at what price in greenbacks he is able to pay. Of course, if the premium is but 20 per cent, he cannot pay as much as if it was 30; consequently, as the premium on gold recedes, prices *must* also recede here, unless foreign prices are advanced in the same ratio that gold has declined."

CRUDE.

The market is quiet and unchanged. We heard of a sale for April at 13; and 1,000 bbls from "Parker's Landing," at 12¾. Seller to July is nominal at 13 and buyer same time 14½.

REFINED.

But a single sale reported 2,000 bbls spot at 24½. "Lines," in the absence of sales, may be quoted nominally at 31. Buyer all year nominal at 34@34½.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

National Refining Co. 930, on account same; National Refining Co. 1,040, on account Lockhart, Frew & Co. Spang & Works 80, on account A. B. Mills; Forsyth Bro, 160, on account J. B. Barbour; Fisher Bro. 80, on account E Long.

Total ..... 2,320 bbls

### PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, February 11, 1870.

The metal market has been more active this week than last, the sales in the aggregate being considerably larger, while in regard to prices there is not much change, though, if anything, the tendency is downward. Eastern Irons are still offering pretty freely; and some of the eastern furnacemen seem very anxious to realize, being pressed, probably, to raise money, and consequently this grade of metal, is being sold at lower figures than it would be otherwise. Western Irons, it is said, are still being held with considerable tenacity, and considerable sales, it is reported, have been made at the furnaces recently for other markets. As the mills here have pretty generally resumed operations, the demand, as might be expected, is better, but as a general thing mill owners are buying very sparingly, just enough to keep them going, in hopes that, sooner or later, prices will go still lower.

ANTHRACITE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 120 tons | No. 1 Foundry | $38.00 | cash |
| 20 " | No. 1 Foundry | 39.50 | 4 mos |
| 20 " | No. 1 Foundry | 40.50 | 4 mos |
| 20 " | No. 1 do | 40.00 | 4 mos |
| 10 " | No. 1 Extra Foundry | 41.00 | 4 mos |
| 100 " | Close Gray | 36.00 | 6 mos |
| 100 " | Gray Forge | 36.00 | 4 mos |
| 200 " | Close Gray | 35.50 | 6 mos |
| 300 " | Gray Mottled and White | 34.00 | 6 mos |
| 200 " | No. 3 Forge | 37.00 | 4 mos |
| 150 " | No. 3 Forge | 37.00 | 4 mos |
| 800 " | No. 3 Forge | 37.00 | 4 mos |

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 200 tons | No. 2 Hard | $34 50 | 4 mos |
| 200 " | Gray Forge | 36.00 | 6 mos |
| 40 " | Gray Forge | 36.50 | 4 mos |
| 50 " | do do | 36.00 | 4 mos |
| 250 " | do do | 36.50 | 4 mos |
| 450 " | do do | 36.00 | 4 mos |
| 450 " | do do | 36.00 | 4 mos |
| 250 " | do do | 36.50 | 4 mos |
| 300 " | do do | 36.00 | 4 mos |
| 300 " | do do | 36.50 | 4 mos |
| 350 " | do do | 36.00 | 4 mos |
| 300 " | do do | 36.50 | 4 mos |
| 870 " | for Rails | | P. T. |

### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Cotton favors buyers: sales 2,500 bales at 25¼c for middling uplands. Flour: receipts 6,773 bbls and 1,121 bags; flour a shade better on low grades, with sales 7,800 bbls at $4,65@4,85 for super State western, $5@5,80 for extra State, $5,05@5,90 for extra western, $5,60@6,45 for white wheat extra, $5,60@6,10 for R. H. O., $5,50@6,25 for extra St. Louis, and $6,25 @8,50 for good choice do. Rye Flour dull, with sales 200 bbls at $4@4,70. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky a shade lower, with sales 300 bbls western at 98@98½c free. Wheat: receipts 27,630 bushels; wheat quiet and a shade firmer, with sales 43,000 bush at $1,13 for No 3 spring, and $1,16@1,20¾ for No 2 do, the latter price for choice delivered; $1,26@1,28¾ for winter red and amber western, and $1,50 for white State. Rye quiet and heavy. Barley dull. Barley Malt dull. Corn: receipts 8,973 bush; corn a shade firmer for new, with sales 26,000 bush at 80@91c for new mixed western, $1,05 @1,06 for old mixed western, $1 for new yellow southern, and $1,05 for old white do. Oats: receipts 6,312 bushels; Oats quiet: 29,000 bush at 56@58c western, and 62@63c for State. Rice dull at 6¾@7¼c for Carolina. Coffee firm and quiet. Sugar firm, 400 hhds Cuba at 11@ 11¾c; 300 bxs Havana 10c. Molasses dull: 500 bbls New Orleans 70@75c. Hops are quiet. Petroleum quiet at 16¾c crude, and 30½c refined. Spirits Turpentine firm at 48½@49c. Linseed oil firm 94@ 95c in casks. Pork firmer with fair demand: 1,175 bbls $27@27,25 new mess; $23@23,50 for prime, $25,50@26 for prime mess; also 2,250 bbls new mess seller February, March and April at $27 @27,50. Beef steady: 250 bbls at $10@15 for new plain mess; $14@17,50 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef quiet; sales 70 tierces at $25@28 for prime mess; $27@ 30 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet; sales 100 bbls at $28@32,50 for new. Cut Meats heavy; sales 150 pkgs at 10¾@ 11¼c for shoulders; 13½@14¼c for hams. Middles quiet and unsettled. Dressed Hogs steady at 11¼@11¾c for western. Lard heavy and a shade easier; sales 300 tierces at 14½@15¾c for steam; 16¼@17c for kettle rendered; also, 750 tierces of steam, seller March and April, at 15¾c. Butter quiet at 17@30c for fair to fancy. Cheese quiet at 16@18c. Freights to Liverpool are nominally unchanged.

*Latest*—Flour closed dull and a shade firmer for low grades with moderate export and home trade demand. Wheat firmer and quiet at $1,18@1,20 for No. 2, and $1,27@1,29 for winter red and amber western. Rye nominal. Oats dull at 55@57c for western. Corn steady at 87@90c for new mixed western. Pork heavy and lower for mess, but $26,75 was bid for February, March and April, with seller at $26,90@27. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut meats and bacon in moderate demand, without much change. Lard dull and heavy at 15¾c for prime steam for March and April. Eggs quiet without change.

ST. LOUIS, February 11.—Tobacco strong at full prices. Cotton nominal at 24@24½c. Hemp unchanged, and but little doing. Flour: low grades continue firm and in good demand; superfine $4,25@4,40, extra $4,60@4,80, double extra $5@5,25, treble extra to choice family $5,50@6,75. Wheat dull; spring and medium grades of red 5@6c lower; No. 2 spring 90@91c, No. 2 red fall $1,04@1,06, No. 1 do. $1,08@1,10, choice $1,12½@1,20. Corn heavy, at 60 @65c for bulk mixed, yellow sacked 68 @71c, strictly choice and fancy yellow 73@75c, white 73@79c. Oats dull and lower, at 47@49c in bulk, 52@53c sacked. Barley is very dull, at $1,00 for choice fall. Rye nothing doing. Whisky firm at 94c. Sugar unchanged at 11@ 13¼c for fully fair to choice Rio. Coffee 20½@22c for medium to choice plantation. Molasses 70@78c. Pork active and higher at $27@27,50, closing at $27,75. Dry Salted Meats: Shoulders firm, with small sales shoulders at 10½@11c, clear rib 14c, and clear sides 15c. Bacon very firm and in good demand, with shoulders at 12¾c, and clear sides 16¾@16¾c. Lard held higher; small sales choice at 15½c. Receipts—Flour 15,500 bbls, 1,000 bush wheat, 16 800 bush corn, 11,700 bush oats, 400 bush barley, 20 hogs.

Cattle firm at 4@5¼c for fair to prime, and 6@6½c for choice. Hogs unchanged at 8@9c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Eastern Exchange flat and unchanged. Flour unchanged at $3,75@4,75 for spring extras. Wheat firmer, unsettled and irregular, with sales of No. 1 at 87@87½c; No. 2 at 80¾@82c, closing at 81¾@81¾c; this afternoon No. 2 is unsettled and firmer at 81¾c cash and 82c bid for March, 83c seller March. Corn dull; old 1@1½c higher, with sales of No. 2 at 60@61c; rejected at 68@68¾c; no grade at 59@59c, closing at 70½@70¾c for No. 2; unchanged this afternoon. Oats dull at 36½@36¾c for No. 2. Rye dull and firm at 72c for No. 1 and 68@70 for No. 2. Barley dull at 65@70 for No. 2, High wines steady at 92@92½c. Sugar, 11¾ @13¼c for common to choice Orleans. Mess pork excited, with early sales at $27,25, cash, closing at $27. Lard quiet, firmer and ½c higher; sales at 15 @15¾c, cash, seller March. Dry salted shoulders sold at 10¾c; dry salted shoulders sold at 10¾c; rough sides 13c; short rib middles 14c; green hams 13¾@14c; sweet pickled 15c. Dressed Hogs fairly active at $10@10,75, closing dull at $10,75. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours—Flour, 6,000 bbls; flour, 35,350 bus wheat, 25,723 bus corn, 1,371 bus oats, 141 bus rye, 7,868 bus barley, 10,199 head of hogs. Shipments were 5,410 bbls flour, 3,508 bus wheat, 14,081 bus corn, 2,107 bus oats, 2,920 bus barley, 4,944 head hogs.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 11.—Pork opened with buyers at $27 and holders asked $27,25@27,50; closed dull at $27. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 10¾@11c, sides 14½c and 15c for clear rib and clear. Bacon firm and clear sides active and steady at 16¾c clear rib 15c, sales 12¾@12¾c and dull. Sugar cured hams 18½ to 19½c and demand light. Lard dull; prime steam sold at 14¾c and kettle held at 16c. Butter unchanged at 28@32c. Eggs declined to 19@20c. Linseed oil firmer and in demand at 95c, but is held higher. Lard oil 14@14¾c. Petroleum 29@31c for refined. Sugar firm and in fair demand at 11 to 11¾c for New Orleans. Coffee firm at 18@20c. Molasses firm at 70@75c. Clover seed firm at 14¼c per pound. Timothy seed scarce and firm at $4,40@4,50.

LOUISVILLE, February 11.—Sales of 51 hhds tobacco at $3,50@5,00 for frosted trash, and $5,50@7,50 for sound lugs, $8,00@12,75 low to medium leaf. Cotton more active; sales 9 bales low middlings at 23c. Flour steady: extra family $5,25. Grain quiet and steady: sales 11,000 bush Corn 96c. Oats 63c. Rye 95c, all sacked. Whisky declined to 93c.

BALTIMORE, February 11.—Flour: red $1,40@1,45; corn active but receipts light, white and yellow 95@97c; oats steady at 53@56c. Mess pork firm at $27,50@28; bacon firm, rib sides 15¾@16c, clear rib 16¾@16¾c, shoulders 12¾@13c, hams 19 @20c, lard firm at 16¾c. Whiskey firm and scarce at 98@99c.

PHILADELPHIA, February 11.—Flour; improved demand; northwestern extra family $5@6; Ohio $5,25@6,25. Wheat firm with red at $1,23@1,25. Rye and Corn unchanged. Oats steady at 55@ 58c. Petroleum firmer, with crude at 21c, and refined at 29¼@29¾c. Whisky steady at 97@99c.

CLEVELAND, February 11.—Buckwheat flour held at $7@7 50. Petroleum dull and weaker, but holders of refined are generally asking 29¾@27c for round lots; small parcels for retail trade, 28@28½c, quite a shade lower, being held at $5 75 per bbl.

MILWAUKEE, February 11.—Flour is unchanged. Wheat firm at 86¼c per bus for No 1, 82c for No 2. Oats, corn and barley nominal; rye in fair demand at 68c. Fresh dressed hogs firmer at $10,50 @10,75.

MEMPHIS, February 11.—Cotton irregular at 23¾@24c; receipts 1,458 bales; exports, 727 bales; week's receipts, 11,584 bales; exports, 7,519 bales; stock, 28,491.

NASHVILLE, February 11.—Cotton quiet, with low middling at 23c, and good ordinary 22½c; stock 4,800.

### Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, February 11.—The market is fairly active and buyers little more animated than last week, and there is every reason to expect a good trade next week. There is no particular change to day, with the exception of Bates 5 4 bleach from 19 to 20c, Forest Dales 4 4 16½ to 16c, and New York Mills D and F cottonade from 42½ to 45c.

### IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. February 11.—5 bbls cranberries, 7 firkins butter, Day & Co; 12 do do. P Duff & Son; 14 bales hops, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 200 bbls flour, Schmatt, Lang & Co; 363 bgs lead, Excelsior Glass Co; 16 bgs timothy seed, John Hinkle; 200 kegs nails, Little & Baird; 1 car ore, Richey, H & Co; 5 sks barley, Pier, D & Co; 35 bales hops, 200 bgs barley, John White Jr; 28 pkgs hardware, Jos Woodwell; 1 car hay, S Liggett & Co; 52 sks. 12 bbls flour, 10 do onions, McHenry & Hood; 40 bgs feed, H Conrad; 22 sks rags, R Christy; 100 bbls flour, owner, 300 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 4 cars limestone, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 2 do do, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 bbl butter, W M Gormly; 2 bbls eggs, Head & Metzgar; 1 car hay, O H Allerten; 50 bxs cheese, E Heazleton; 50 do do, owner; 20 do do, L J Bianchard; 23 bxs tin, McCartney & Co; lot shovels, Myers & A; 2 kegs butter, Woodworth & D; 1 car oats, Elevator; 50 sks rye, Dan Wallace; 5 bales rags, W B Lupton.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, February 11.—25 bbls lard wines, W Millar; 25 do do, Shipton & W; 1 car grain, Duff & Son; 1 do staves, J H Haley; 1 do wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 10 bois oil, J H Parker; 10 do lard, E H Myers & Co; 25 do do, D Dalzell; 4 do beef; F Sellers & Co; 2 do sausage, W B Hays & Son; 1 bbl eggs, 9 pkgs butter, Bruggerman & O; 8 sks oats, R Christy; 50 do orts, Meanor & H; 7 cadies tobacco, Kitchen Bro; 7 hides, McHenry & H; 8 bbls cider, 10 do apples, Voigt, M & Co; 2 pkgs butter, W H Graff & Co; 9 hides, Lappe & Weise; 51 bgs barley, 11 do corn, F Schields; 50 bbls flour, J & A Dietz; 1 car wheat, J W Bonngarder; 10 bxs tobacco, Carter, McGrew & Co; 10 bbls whisky, A Rhoendinger; 10 do do, F Ebert & Co; 5 pkgs tobacco, R F Weddle; 5 hhds meat, F Sellers & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, February 11.—2 cars iron ore, McKnight, Porter & Co; 10 do do, Shoenberger, B & Co; 2 do l s do, McKnight & Co; 85 bbls beans, J A Graff, 100 do lime, W B Hays; 10 bxs frames, Pickersgill, L & Co; 25 cases tobacco, W M Gormly; 15 bdls hides, 1 do pelts, J Callery; 37 do handles, Park & D; 14 bdls beans, 5 sks rags, 2 bbls onions, Voight, Mahood & Co; 18 sks barley, Pier, D & Co; 50 bbls oil, J Spear; 50 do do, D Bly & Co; 17 doz brooms, W Kirkpatrick; 21 do apples, Vangorder & S; 1 car oats, W G Miller; 30 sks potatoes, L Bance; 10 kgs, 5 bbls p barley, Arbuckles & Co; 1 horse power and fixtures, S Hare & Son; 13 sks oats, F G Craighead; 19 bbls apples, Head & M; 11 do do, P Duff & Son.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, February 11.—20 sks flour, Fetzer Bro; 1 bbl eggs, 1 firkin butter, Knox & Orr; 3 cars railroad iron, C A Carpenter; 23 sks clover seed, Ruggerman & O'Brien; 1 car metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 do do, Totten & Co; 1 car grain, A Bracken; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 1 car grain, Henderson Bro; 1 do do, Scott & Gisal; 1 do do, 23 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 11 bgs corn, M Connor; 12 rolls leather, W Flaccus & Son; 27 sks oats, J O'Brien; 50 do do, J & A Dietz; 32 do flour, Haworth & Dewhurst; 74 bush potatoes, B Ewart; 61 cars coal, Kier, Foster & Kier; 43 do do, Armstrong, D & Co; 18 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION February 11.—1 car millfeed, 36 sks bran, M Steel & Son; 182 bbls flour, 54 bgs shorts, Geo Stewart; 118 sks flaxseed, M B Suydam; 1 car millfeed, Voughtly & Kopp; 2 bbls o meal, Jas O'Hanlin; 10 bxs baking powder, W S Smith; 10 do soap, Mercedith; 9 cars wheat, Kennedy Bro; 2 do meal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 1 do lumber, L Walters & Son; 8 do meal, Graff, Bennett & Co; 2 do do, Minick & Co; 39 bgs feed, Hippley & B; 3 bbls eggs, H Lenz; 2 cars cooperage, Ralya & R; 1 do wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 do barley, H Hirdt.

## RIVER NEWS.

### Upper Rivers.

(By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.)

MORGANTOWN, Feb. 11.—River stationary with two feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 51 at 4 P. M. W.

GREENSBORO, Feb. 11.—River stationary with 3¼ feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 45 at 4 P. M. F.

BROWNSVILLE, Feb. 11.—River about on a stand, with 4¼ feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 45 at 4 P. M. F.

OIL CITY, Feb. 9.—River at a stand with 20 inches water in channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 41 at 6 P. M. F.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with three feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather soft with indications favorable for rain. It would not take much rain or snow to make a big river, as there is a good deal of water.

The St. Charles succeeded in getting up to the landing yesterday forenoon, not, however, until nearly all of her freight had been taken off her. She will not venture out again until there is more water.

The Ironsides departed for New Orleans with a tow of Pittsburgh manufactures.

The Belle, Capt. Smith, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day.

The Mollie Ebert and Wild Duck will both depart for St. Louis as soon as there is sufficient water.

The Maggie Hays disaster, particulars of which will be found in our telegraphic news, is one of the most painful we have had to record of a Pittsburgh boat for some time. Capt. Martin, who, without a moments warning, was hurled into eternity, was very highly esteemed, and his sudden and very painful death, will deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. Jas. Ross, Jr., second clerk, we are glad to learn, is not seriously injured, and with the exception of the second engineer, all the rest of the officers are supposed to have been saved. The first clerk, W. J. S. Bravo, it is feared, perished in the recent fire on the boat at the time of the explosion, having remained at New Orleans to attend to some business.

Capt. Martin was a single man, and, we understand, that his relatives reside along the river between here and Cincinnati.

—The following rules were substituted by the Board of supervising Inspectors, at their late meeting at Washington, instead of one of a similar character adopted previously: RULE 49. When an engineer leaves the employment or engagement of a steamer by resignation or otherwise, he shall certify in writing as to the condition of the same, and shall deposite such certificate signed by him with the Local Board of Inspectors at the port where such steamer may be, and no engineer assumes the charge of the engineer's department of any steamer, he shall examine the certificate of condition given by the last engineer as soon thereafter as possible, and if he shall find the facts have been misstated, he shall immediately report that fact to the Inspector aforesaid, pointing out in his report in what the misstatement consists; failing which, it will be held that the condition of the department, was found as represented.

—On the 30th day of December last the license of Mr. Nap. P. Jenkins was restored to him by John S. Devenney, Supervising Inspector of this district. Mr. Jenkins was pilot on the America at the time of her collision with the United States. When his license was revoked by the Local Inspectors here, he decided to appeal to the Supervising Inspector in another district for its restoration. The appeal was denied, on the ground, we believe, that he had no right to a change of venue. Then he tried to get the Local Inspectors here to act in his favor, but they believed they had no right to act as the Inspectors of this district, and left entirely out of their hands. Finally, the Supervising Inspector of this district, it seems, concluded that he could, and therefore *did*, restore his license, but requested, as we learn, that no publication be made of the fact. Mr. Jenkins' present license permits him to act as pilot the same as before its revocation—between Cincinnati and Louisville—on the Ohio river.—*Cin. Gazette.*

—A Louisville paper says: On Saturday the steamer Carrie V. Kountz received a dispatch from Cairo saying that she could get a full load there. It was in answer to this dispatch that she left our port so suddenly and unexpectedly. On her way out she only stopped at Evansville to receive 150 tons freight. Thence she went direct to Cairo, and will go on to New Orleans with all the freight she wants.

—A large number of vessels laden with cotton are lying inside the bar at the mouth of the Mississippi, unable to get out to sea owing to shallow water. Some thirty thousand bales of cotton are now detained there. About ten thousand tons of shipping are outside the bar, bound to New Orleans and detained from the same cause.

—Capt. Wm. H. Dorsey's license as pilot was restored to him on the 6th inst. His license was suspended on account of the collision of the Camelia and Annie Laurie a couple of months ago, he being pilot on the former steamer at the time.

—The Rock Islanders propose petitioning their City Council for an appropriation to pay for a stand of cotton for the Northern Line new steamer "Rock Island."

—There is an old log sticking in the river near St. Louis that has already sunk three vessels, damaged two others, and cost $220,000.

—The R. C. Gray, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, was to have left Cincinnati on Thursday.

—The Kate Putnam left Nashville for Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

## RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI.

**PITTSBURGH AND CINCINNATI PACKET LINE.**

The new and splendid sidewheel Steamer, ARLINGTON, DANIEL MOORE, Master, A. S. SHEPARD, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every TUESDAY at 10 A. M. promptly. Returning, leaves Cincinnati for Pittsburgh the same days.

For freight, passage, or other information, apply on board or to

JAMES COLLINS,
fe1 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

**FOR ST. LOUIS—The** splendid passenger steamer MOLLIE EBBERT...G. W. EBBERT, Master, S. Peppard, Clerk, will leave for the above and intermediate ports, on SATURDAY, 13th inst. For freight or passage apply on board or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
fe1 JAMES COLLINS, Agents.

CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

**FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.**—The powerful Tow-Boat

**WILD DUCK AND BARGES,**

Dove and Swan, J. W. ANAWALT, Commander, will leave on SATURDAY, Feb 12th, at 4 P.M., for the above and intermediate ports.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
ja31 ERNEST & PORTER, Agents.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **CONSUMPTION.**

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, and all the Debilitated Conditions of the Stomach.

DR. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC for the cure of Dyspepsia and all the Debilitated Conditions of the Stomach.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, for Diseases of the Liver or to act as a Gentle Purgative.

All of these three Medicines are often required in curing Consumption, though the Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many desperate cases. The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, assist in regulating the Stomach and Liver, and help the Pulmonic Syrup to digest and search through the blood vessels, by which means a cure is soon effected.

These Medicines are concientiously offered to the Public as the only safe, certain and reliable remedy for Pulmonary Consumption, and for all those morbid conditions of the body which lead to that fatal disease. Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are often forerunners of Consumption, and when they manifest themselves they require the most prompt attention.

The Pulmonic Syrup is a medicine which has had a long probation before the public. Its value has been proved by the thousand cures it has made through a period of more than thirty-five years, in all of which time its reputation has increased, and the most constitute skepticism can no longer doubt that it is a remedy which may be used with confidence in all cases which are of a cure.

Until the patient will perseveringly follow the directions which

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

**Change of Base.**

The press and offices of the Daily and Weekly GAZETTE will be removed, from the 20th to the last of March, from their old stand on Fifth avenue to the large, four-storied "GAZETTE Buildings," at the corner of Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, recently purchased by the proprietors as a permanent home for the GAZETTE.

**Route For Sale.**

A splendid Route in Allegheny City on the GAZETTE. None but an energetic man need apply. Call to day at the GAZETTE office.

**The Allegheny Police** received their monthly pay yesterday.

**Firemen's Association** – A regular quarterly meeting of the Pittsburgh Firemen's Association will be held Monday evening, the 14th inst, at 7½ o'clock.

**The Police Committee** of City Councils held a meeting yesterday afternoon and selected the cloth for the new uniforms. No other business of public importance was transacted.

**Allegheny Trust Company's Stock.**—Two shares will be sold this evening at 7½ o'clock by order of C. A. Biddle, Administrator, at A. Leggate's Auction House, 159, Federal street, Allegheny.

**Yesterday** Max. Hartman was fined five dollars by Alderman Mullen for smoking on the Mechanics street bridge. Complaint was made against him by William Thompson, special policeman.

**Gabriel Hasley** alleges that Anthony Schmidt kicked, choked and beat him. They had a difficulty about some financial transaction. Alderman Bolster issued a warrant for the arrest of the accused.

**Henry Weisner** and George Gans had a fight in a saloon on Chestnut street, Allegheny, which resulted in Gans being brought before Alderman Mullen yesterday morning and each fined \$10 and costs for assault and battery, on oath of Weisner. The case was settled on payment of costs by defendant.

**Yesterday morning** an infant daughter of Evan Jones, Esq., member of Councils from the Fourteenth ward, fell from a chair, striking on its head, producing instant death. The little victim was only eighteen months old. An obituary notice will be found in another column.

**Thursday afternoon** the head of a boiler attached to Huckenstein's brick yard, Allegheny, blew out, knocking down the smoke stack, wrecking the shed in which it was placed, demolishing a fence some distance off and terrifying the employes about the yard but fortunately hurting nobody.

**The Allegheny Police** are troubled with a mysterious female who has twice called at the lock up and obtained lodgings for the night, and appeared the next morning drunk, although the second time special caution was taken to prevent any smuggling in of the liquor. Yesterday she made her last appearance and was sent to jail.

**Smokers** should drop in at Megraw's, No. 45 Hand street, and try some of his new brands of cigars. Any of them will be found just right for a quiet, noon day siesta, or a gentle but exceedingly pleasant stimulant, especially after a hard day's work. Drop in and get a supply. Once purchasing is sufficient to induce the customer to call again.

**Cheap Clothing.**—Jacob Egli, a clothier, made information before Alderman Koenig yesterday, charging James Henry with obtaining on credit clothing from him to the amount of \$22, by representing that he had \$100 due from his employer which would be paid in a few days, and with which he would settle the bill, all of which it is alleged is false. Warrant issued.

**Ladies** should not fail to call at 363 Liberty street, the warehouse of the Keystone Lottery, Messrs. S. M. Kier & Co., proprietors, and look at those elegant sets of fine table ware, which the firm have just received. No superior articles can be found in the city, and there is no place where all the wants of a household in the line of queensware can be better supplied than at No. 363 Liberty street.

**Sent to the Home.**—Wm. H. Carver, a disabled soldier, who served in the 23d Indiana and 33d Ohio regiments during the late war, was picked up in the vicinity of Oakland yesterday by one of the police and brought to the station house. It appears that he received a wound in the back, which caused paralysis of his entire body. He was removed to the Soldiers Home in the Twelfth ward.

**Yesterday morning** about seven o'clock a slight fire occurred in one of the tenements of Sample's row, in the rear of Dehaven's foundry, Second ward, Allegheny. The fire occurred among some clothing in a closet, and is supposed to have been the work of the children who had been playing there a few minutes before. The Fire Department was called out, and the flames quickly extinguished. Damage about \$50.

**Committed.**—Mollie Oliver was arrested yesterday at the instance of Mary A. Murphy, who made information before Alderman Neeper, charging her with assault and battery. After a hearing Mollie was committed to jail in default of bail for her appearance at court.

**Emma Baker,** at the same time and place, made a charge of assault and battery against Mollie, on which she was held to answer at court.

**Cantata Concert.**—The interest taken in the concert on Tuesday next is remarkable almost unmeasuring for the Society. We have seen several letters from neighboring towns with requests to have seats secured for this grand occasion. The enthusiasm in our city is no less, and we expect to see the Academy filled to its utmost capacity. The sale of secured seats commences this morning at nine o'clock, at Mellor & Hoene's.

**Books at Half Price.**—Scholars, and men of literary tastes, should call at Col. J. D. Egan's, No. 41 Sixth avenue, and get a supply of reading matter. He is selling books at half the price they can be purchased elsewhere, while many of the volumes are rarities which cannot be had at any other establishment in the city. They embrace Law, Medicine, Philosophy, Science, and in fact everything in the line of literature. Call at No. 41.

**Consolidation.**—Since the consolidation of the two Mammoth Trunk Houses of Liebler and Gilmore, Joseph Liebler being sole proprietor of the new house, Pittsburgh can boast of one of the largest and best houses in that branch of trade to be found in the Union. With his increased facilities for business, Liebler is determined, by cheap prices and the best of goods, to preserve his title of the "Trunk King." Call at 104 Wood street and see the new stock.

**Not Sustained.**—S. C. McMasters made information yesterday before Alderman Mullen, charging Charles Deerhorst with obtaining eight barrels of flour from him for \$58; paying \$18 cash and agreeing to pay the balance in a short time, while representing that he was good for it, being the owner of two houses, all of which was alleged to be false. The accused was arrested and after a hearing dismissed, the charge not being fully sustained.

**Roof Burned.**—The alarm of fire from Box 35, yesterday afternoon, was occasioned by the burning of the roof on the bath house attached to the residence of Mr. William McElroy, No. 135 Wylie street, above Washington. The fire originated from a defective flue, leading from the bake oven below. The engines were out and succeeded in extinguishing the flames before any material damage was done. The roof will have to be replaced with a new one. Damage, \$50.

**Jacob Altenbach** was before Mayor Callow yesterday morning on two informations, for disorderly coduct and surety of the peace, preferred by Louis P. Lachere, who charges him with entering his store, No. 212 Ohio street, conducting himself in an outrageous manner, and threatening to shoot the proprietor. Jacob paid twenty dollars fine for his bad conduct and gave bail in the sum of five hundred dollars for his appearance in court on the surety case.

**A Day** or two ago a detective from one of the principal town of a neighboring State arrived in Pittsburgh in search of an impeached official who had fled from home to avoid having specifications served upon him in time—that having to be done twenty days before the adjournment of the body before which he was to be tried. The detective, aided by one of our experts, traced the fugitive to a prominent hotel, and from thence, after a long search, to a house of doubtful character, where he was found, and the object of the hunt accomplished.

### SHOCKING SUICIDE.

**A Man Shoots Himself in the Head—Intemperance Probably the Cause—Coroner's Inquest—The Verdict.**

Some years since, Jacob Kinstler, a native of Bavaria, came to this city and obtained employment as a teaser in a Glass House in Birmingham, where for several years he labored industriously and satisfactorily to his employers, and, as he was receiving good wages, saved some money. Recently, he, for some cause unexplained, took to strong drink, neglecting his work, spent his money, and eventually found himself without money and without employment. The gentleman with whom he boarded, Jacob Ralls, in the Diamond, Birmingham, suffered him to remain at his house for several days without receiving any compensation, but was finally compelled to turn the man out of the house. Thursday evening, after Kinstler had eaten his supper, he was told that he must hunt another boarding house, and that is the last account we can get of him until his body was found lying on the street in the Diamond, near the Market House, with the life current flowing from a wound inflicted by his own hand. He had evidently had the matter under contemplation for some time, as six weeks prior to the commission of the rash act he had borrowed a pistol from a friend, without stating for what purpose he wanted it. It would seem, however, that he gave up the intention at that time, as he returned the pistol after carrying it about two weeks. About a week since he borrowed the same pistol, which was not seen again by the owner until found by the side of the unfortunate man who had discharged its contents, a heavy charge of powder and leaden slugs, into his head. No one was near him when the fatal deed was done, but a gentleman who was going along Denman street, only a square distant, heard the report of a pistol, and hastening in the direction from whence the sound came, found deceased lying on the ground dead and the pistol lying beside him. The body was removed to Mr. Miller's undertaking establishment, and yesterday morning the Coroner was notified. An inquest was held on the body yesterday afternoon, when the following testimony was taken:

Dr. J. H. Roberts was sworn and testified that he was called to see deceased yesterday morning and found the body at Mr. Harvy Miller's Coroner's stable. After an examination he discovered a gun shot wound in his face. From the nature of the wound, believed that he had fired the shot. The pistol had been loaded with a heavy charge of powder and slugs. The lower jaw on the left side was broken, and the upper jaw perforated. The tongue was also severed and the whole side of the face mutilated. The cause of death was slugs that entered the cerebellum or back portion of the brain, which was entirely destroyed at the top of the head.

Thomas A. Hosea was next called and testified that a few minutes before 11 o'clock he heard a shot on Denman street. He went down then to the Diamond, Birmingham, and found the deceased lying on the street, and blood gurgling out of his mouth. He went for a doctor, and when he returned he found a single barrel pistol by side of deceased. The man was dead when he found him.

Philip Demel was the next witness called, but his testimony did not differ from that of the former witness.

Christ. Eisenbaugh was sworn and testified that deceased boarded with a single barreled pistol from him about a week ago.

VERDICT.

The jury returned the following verdict: "We find that the deceased, Jacob Kinstler, came to his death in Birmingham, Febuary 10th, 1870, from a gunshot wound inflicted by himself."

Deceased was about forty-seven years of age, and was a widower, his wife having died several years since. He has no relatives residing in this country.

### INTERESTING.

**Two Young Men Victimized—Their Hats and Overcoats Stolen—How they Got Home.**

We heard last evening of a transaction in which a pair of gay and festive pair were victimized to a certain extent and left in a very embarrassing situation, which we think will be of interest to our readers, if not to the young gentlemen in question. The story, which is a true one, runs thus: Last evening the gentlemen referred to, being ladies men, and on visiting terms at a certain mansion in the city, wherein resides two fair young damsels, decided to make a call and spend the evening with the ladies. Having had some experience in the business, they stopped at a peanut stand on their way and laid in a supply of peanuts, candies, etc., with which to feast the younger members of the family, should they intrude, so as to interfere with their enjoyment in any way. Being thus armed, as they supposed, against all contingencies, they proceeded on their way, and a short walk brought them to the door of the aforesaid princely mansion. A hearty pull at the bell brought Bridget, to the door, who, to the inquiry "Are the ladies in?" replied, "They is yer honors; will yez stip in a bit." They stepped in of course, and divesting themselves of hats and overcoats, in the pockets of which were the candies and nuts, hung them on the rack in the hall and entered the parlor, where they seated themselves, one in each end of the room and awaited patiently the arrival of the ladies. They were not kept long, for soon the fair creatures entered, looking as sweet and charming as the first flowers of spring. A few moments had been spent in pleasant conversation when a very interesting *tete a tete* was interrupted by one of the younger members of the family, a bright and lively little four year old, who wanted to be entertained. One of the gents remembered the candies and peanuts, and hastened to the hall to procure a supply from his coat pocket. But he did not get it. Not a bit of it. Some one had been there before him and had taken not only the candies and peanuts but both coats and hats. It appears that Bridget had neglected to lock the door, and while the young gentlemen were engaged in the parlor a thief stepped into the hall and carried off their great coats and beavers. The question was not where were the hats and coats, but how are we to get home without them. Through the kindness of the young ladies the young gallants were each furnished with a shawl, and wrapped up in them they emerged from the house, looking more like Comanche Indians than the gay and festive youths they are, and wending through alleys and unfrequented streets hastened to their homes. They request us to state to the person or persons now in possession of the articles stolen, that if they return the hats and coats they may keep the candles, and no questions will be asked.

**"All's Well," &c.**

A few days since Margaret Germroth, a young lady about 18 years of age, of rather prepossessing appearance, called at the office of Justice Ammon, of Birmingham, and made information charging Joseph Waldmeyer with *fornex et cet.* Joseph, who is a young man not out of his minority, was arrested and after a hearing was committed to jail in default of bail for his appearance at court. Yesterday the parents of the parties, accompanied by the prosecutor, called upon the justice, who, it will be remembered, is filling the position of Court Interpreter, and requested that the prisoner be released, stating that the parties had agreed to settle the matter by a wedding. The parents of both parties gave their consent in writing and the defendant was brought to the Commissioners' room, where the other parties had repaired, and were then and there joined in the holy bonds of matrimony by Justice Ammon. The entire party then repaired to Smith's Hotel on the avenue, opposite the Court House, where a sumptuous repast, prepared at the expense of the bride's father, was in waiting. Our worthy friend the Justice, was not permitted, however, to enjoy his dinner, as about the time he had fairly commenced, a messenger from the Court House came in and informed him that his presence was required in the Common Pleas Court Room. The Squire left, but the messenger remained as a substitute, and it is said did ample justice to the meal. The newly wedded pair appeared to enjoy the turn affairs had taken exceedingly, and we hope that they may always continue to be as happy as they appeared to be yesterday.

**The End.**

The Plymouth Church Fair, to close this evening, has been visited for several nights by hundreds, to witness the Statuary and Tableaux. Some of the finest and most elaborate, as well as the grotesque of the Tableaux are to be reproduced to-night. The voting on numerous and valuable articles of taste and virtue will be brought to a close this evening. Among these are gold watches, bracelets, and other jewelry, statuette, and four beautiful acquaria with sub-aqurous grottos and living fishes, furnished by Mr. Murdock; for these, as for all the rest, the contest is expected to be very lively. A large and delighted audience was in attendance last night. Let everybody and his wife be on hand this evening.

### THE REFORMED CHURCH.

**New District Synod to be Organized—The Classes Comprising It—Commencement of the Session Last Night—The Preliminaries.**

At the last meeting of the General Synod of the Protestant Reformed Church, held in Philadelphia, permission was granted for the organization of a new District Synod, to be composed of the classes of Westmoreland, St. Paul, Clarion and West New York, then in connection with various district Synods. In pursurance of this authority, representatives, clerical and lay, assembled in the Grace Reformed Church, corner of Webster avenue and Grant street, last evening, for the purpose of perfecting the proposed organization.

At seven o'clock there was a large audience of ladies and gentlemen, together with the representatives, gathered in the church, when business was preceded by devotional exercises. The Rev. N. P. Hacker, D. D., of Greensburg, and Rev. D. B. Ernest, of Sewickley, occupied the Chancel and conducted the opening exercises, the congregation and choir singing the 100th Psalm, followed with prayer.

The Rev. F. K. Levan then ascended to the pulpit and delivered an impressive and carefully prepared discourse, in which he traced at length the history of the Reformed Church, especially within the boundaries of the territory proposed to be embraced by the New Synod, consisting of the classes named, and comprising in all 10,386 communicant members. He strongly insisted that the time had arrived for a consolidation into the New Synod, the work in this special direction being clearly evident. He expressed the most glowing anticipations for the future of the church under the reinvigorated influence and new energies which would be developed in the fresh organization. The interests of the church demanded it and the people were prepared for the change, which would open up to them fields of usefulness which hitherto had been but partially cultivated.

At the conclusion of the sermon, the congregation joined in singing the hymn commencing

"I love thy Kingdom Lord,"

after which they were dismissed with the benediction by the Rev. D. B. Ernest.

After the congregation had retired, Dr. Hacke offered prayer, following which he announced the first business in order to be the election of a President.

Rev. Mr. Levan moved that Dr. Hacke be elected by acclamation.

Dr. Hacke stated that owing to ill health and duties which would call him away before the close of the session, he desired not to be called upon to preside, and begged leave to substitute the name of Rev. Mr. Levan.

The Rev. Mr. Krebs, of Allegheny, suggested that the first thing in order should be the election of a temporary Secretary, and the reception of credentials. Acting on this suggestion by unanimous election the Rev. Mr. Krebs was chosen Secretary.

The stated clerks of the various bodies represented then presented the Secretary with a list of accredited delegates from these several classes. Some of the readers being without written credentials, their pastors certified verbally of their selection. Upon this a point of order was raised and discussed at some length, when it was finally decided to receive none but those with written certificates.

When the written credentials had been received it was decided, on motion, to admit all delegates coming from classes, or in case of a classical vacancy, from congregations, when duly accredited.

Dr. Hacke asked permission to absent himself from the sessions to attend to parochial duties. Granted.

The meeting then adjourned until this morning at nine o'clock.

**Inquest Continued.**

The jury empannelled by Coroner Clawson to inquire after what manner the two unknown men killed at Cork's Run Tunnel came to their death, met at Devore's on Grant street, and concluded their investigation. The following is the testimony:

*Mark O'Garra*, sworn—Am a watchman at the east end of Cork's Run Tunnel, on the Pan Handle Railroad. On Tuesday last my son and myself went down to the tunnel when we heard that the men were killed. Went in and got the bodies. They lay about sixty feet from the mouth of the tunnel, on the right side as you are going out. My son was on duty in my place, and I did not see the man who came out to tell of the accident. There is no watchman at the west end of the tunnel. There are many people who go through the tunnel, though I order them all not to go. Sometimes they are overtaken by trains, but they lie down beside the track and are all right.

*Edward O'Gara*, sworn—Was in the watchhouse at the end of the tunnel when the man came out on Tuesday and asked me if two men had passed there. Told him no. He said they must have been caught in the tunnel then. Waited until the coal trains had passed, and we went down with a light. The smallest man seemed to breathe once or twice after I saw him.

The following verdict was rendered:

That the deceased, two unknown men, came to their death, on the 8th day of February, 1870, in Allegheny township, by being accidentally run over in Cork's Run tunnel, on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, by No. 10 train, and the jury further recommend that a watchman be stationed at the west end of said tunnel. In the opinion of the jury, the employes of the road are entirely without blame.

**Sabbath School Institute.**

The Third Annual meeting of the Sabbath School Teachers' Institute of the Reformed and United Presbyterian Churches of these cities and Allegheny county will be held in the First U. P. Church, Seventh avenue, commencing on Monday evening next.

Rev. R. B. Ewing, formerly of Mountmouth, Illinois, but now of East Liberty, will preach a sermon on Sabbath evening, at half past seven o'clock, in the Second U. P. Church, Sixth avenue, on "The history and design of Sabbath Schools."

The sessions of the Institute will be held on Monday evening, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons and evenings at half-past two o'clock. Delegates are cordialy invited to be present from the cities and county.

The following subjects will be discussed during the sessions:

S. S. Theacher's Institute; Help and Hindrances to S. S. Work; Selections of Teachers; Qualification and preparation of Teachers; Encouragement of Teachers; Infant class Teaching; Bible Class Teaching; Art of Questioning; Art of Questioning; Use of Illustration; Object Teaching; S. S. Superintendents; Uniform Lessons; Teachers' Meeting; Opening and Closing Exercises; Superintendent's use of Blackboard; Duties of the Pastor to the S. S; Personal Consecration.

The former Institutes of these churches were very interesting, and it is to be hoped the one next week will be greatly so.

**Week of Prayer.**

The General Assemblies having appointed the last Thursday in February as a Day of Prayer for Colleges and Seminaries; after conference the pastors and ministers of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and vicinity have decided to hold a daily prayer meeting, in behalf of the young, throughout the week in which the Day of Prayer occurs. The arrangements are as follows:

Meetings to be held in the lecture room of the Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, [Dr. Howard's,] corner Penn and Irwin streets, from four to five, P. M. each day.

MONDAY, Feb. 21st—Rev. W. D. Howard, D.D. Subject of Prayer: Influence of Parents, Teachers and Employers over the rising generation.

TUESDAY, Feb. 22d—Rev. F. A. Noble. Subject: Secular Education, Academies Female Seminaries and Common Schools.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23d—Rev. R. Lee. Subject: Religious Education, Charitable Institutions, especially Sabbath Schools and Bible Classes.

THURSDAY, Feb. 23th—Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D.D. Subject: Colleges and Theological Seminaries.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25th—Rev. A. A. Hodge, D.D. Subject: Christian and Heathen Schools in Foreign Lands.

SATURDAY, Feb. 26—Rev. S. F. Scovel. Children's Meeting—to which parents and friends are especially invited to bring their children.

**Slight Fire.**

About half-past one o'clock yesterday an accident occurred at Sheriffs & Loughrey's establishment, on First avenue, near Ferry street, which came near resulting fatally to Wm. Morgan, an employee in the establishment. It appears that Mr. Morgan went to the cellar to draw some varnish from a barrel, taking with him a lighted candle. While the varnish was running from the barrel, the gas arising from it came in contact with the lighted candle, and an explosion was the result. The varnish took fire and Mr. M. was severely turned. An alarm of fire was sounded from box 4, to which the department responded, but the flames were extinguished without the engines going into service.

### AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—Miss Maggie Mitchel in her magnificent rendition of the beautiful and pathetic drama of life, "Lorle," was greeted by an immense audience, and hundreds more were turned away from the doors unable to obtain admittance. In this particular *role*, and indeed much more so than in her other famous interpretation of Fanchon, Miss Mitchell is at home; and can possibly have a few equals but no superiors in the rendition on the American stage. We deeply regret that her engagement terminates to-night, for we would have all our amusement goers present on a Lorle occasion. This afternoon's matinee and to-night's performance, however, will be the last of the productions of the play this season, and we hope the attendance will be, at both offerings, such as to again reassure the pretty and graceful petite artiste that her genius and ability are fully appreciated here in Pittsburgh.

GRAND CHARITY FAIR.—The Grand Charity Fair now in progress in the basement of St. Paul's Cathedral continues to attract very large audiences, and the interest is none the less abated in the friendly contests. The Fair will probably terminate next Saturday night. The voting on the various articles at last accounts stood as follows: A gold headed cane for most popular young man: Joseph Liebler, the great trunk dealer, 220; James Butler, 40; J. A. West, 208. Gold watch to the gentleman receiving most votes: Frank Connolly, 75; Jas. Powers, 40; Thomas Farrel, 55. Gauger and tongs to most popular iron roller: Fred Hass, 126; Jas. Noble, 103; Capt. Irwin, 71; Samuel Sampie, 83; James Manning, 96. One barrel of beer and leviathan pretzel to most popular cooper: George Seigfried 600; Geo. P. Schwartz 107; Ban Keefer 106; John Dickson 428. The voting on the latter will close with sealed ballots on Monday evening at nine o'clock. On the mace and pistol to the best policeman, A. J. Moon 86, Jno. Costello 82, Isaac Jones 18, W. J. Gordon 25. On the "dish" for the most popular iron boiler, Henry Tatnall 130, Jno. Graver 111, Jerry Friel 93, Jno. Gallaher 50. The Fair offers unusual attractions to-night, and an immense turn out is expected.

**Genuine London Preparations.**

Mr. Simon Johnston, druggist, corner of Fourth avenue and Smithfield street, the importer and sole agent for Peter Squires' celebrated London (England) preparations, has just received a fresh invoice of these world-famous goods, and we ask the especial attention of our readers to the card announcing the fact, in another column. It is unnecessary for us to speak in complimentary terms of this line of goods inasmuch as they have had for several years the heartiest endorsement of thousands of persons who have practically tested their claims to superiority and public favor. They embrace Squire's effervescent citrate, potassa, bromide potassa, iodide potassa, citrate iron and quinine, bromide ammonium, carb: lithia, vichy salt, kissingen salt, citrate magnesia, seidlitz powders, &c. To protect physicians and the public from spurious articles of this character, purporting to be Squire's preparations, all bottles of the genuine will in future bear a strap label over the cork, with the address and *fac simile* signature of the manufacturer, P. Squire; and on the side his trade mark, and on the address of the importer, Mr. Simon Johnston. In addition to these articles a large and fresh supply has been received of Squire's true Glycerine soap, Sarg's Vienna soap, Price's Glycerine soap, Astringent gum lozenges and Muriate of Amonia lozenges. The lozenges are passing with great success in England, in case of relaxed sore throat, bronchitis, etc., all of which are standard preparations of inestimable value.

Mr. Johnston has also just received a splendid assortment of the finest foreign perfumes and toilet articles, and as a headquarters for such goods his establishment is equal even to the largest perfumery emporiums of the east. We cordially invite readers needing anything in the line, as indeed everything in the way of the drugs, perfumeries, toilet articles and medicines to favor this old and reliable house with a call.

**New Patents.**

Last week the following patents were issued to citizens of Western Pennsylvania. The papers bear the date of February 8, 1870:

No. 99,574.—Working Scrap and other Iron; George W. Jones, Ormsby.

No. 99,581.—Fire Place Grate; G. H. McElevey, New Castle.

No. 99,588.—Manufacture of Iron and Granulating the same; Wm. H. Perry, Sharon.

No. 99,610.—Composition or Filling for Crack Painters; John W Tally, Delano.

Nr. 99,638.—Machine for Bending Rake Teeth; Columbus Coleman, Allegheny City.

No. 99,649.—Rib Cock; Joseph H. Davis, Allegheny City.

No. 99,650.—Angle Valve Cock; Jos. H. Davis, Allegheny City.

No. 99,651.—Globe Valve Cock; Jos. H. Davis, Allegheny City.

No. 99,652.—Check Valve Cock; Jos. H. Davis, Allegheny City.

No. 99,653.—Valve Cocks, made of iron and subsequently annealed; Joseph H. Davis, Allegheny City.

No. 99,678.—Antedated January 31st, 1870.—Railway Car Brake; E. N. Hunstman, Allegheny, assignor to himself, Wm. M. Blaney, T. L. Miller and James T. Blair, same place.

No. 99,719.—Harrow; Henry Shirk and Cyrus Shirk, Lebanon.

No. 99,731.—Clip for Harness; Chas. H. Tripp, Pittsburgh.

Re-Issue—No. 3,823.—Stop Valve; Jos. H. Davis, Allegheny City, patent No. 85,288; dated December 29th, 1868.

**Serious Fall—An Old Lady Fatally Injured.**

A very serious accident occurred in Allegheny Wednesday evening. An old lady, mother of Mr. John Gipprich, shoemaker on Ohio street, while descending a flight of stairs at the rear of the house, missed her footing and fell to the yard below. Nothing was known of the accident until some time after, when one of the members of the household happened to go out and found her lying at the foot of the steps unable to move or speak. She was taken into the house and Dr. Weyman summoned, when it was discovered that her injuries were of a very serious character. Two of her ribs were broken, one eye badly cut and her head bruised. Medical attention failed to rouse her from the stupor into which she had fallen, and in spite of the time she has been lying at her son's residence in a very precarious condition. The physician in attendance considers her injuries fatal. Those in the head seem to be the worst, and have deprived her of consciousness. Last evening she was still lingering, but no hopes were entertained of her recovery.

**Real Estate Transfers.**

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thos. H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Friday, February 11th, 1870:

Wm. McCreery to M. L. Child, June 16, 1854; 96 perches in Liberty township.....$1 00

C. T. Ihmsen to J. and A. Hays & Co., Nov. 25, 1869; lot No. 96 ft. on Ormsby street, Birmingham; 100 ft. on Grandy street.....$2 200

Goodman Y. Coulter, Treasurer of Allegheny county, to Mary A. L. Clark, June 11, 1860; lot 66 by 94 ft. on Penn'sylvania avenue, 8th ward, Pittsburgh.....$25

Dr. Alex. Hacke to Minna Tindle et al., Feb. 4, 1870; above lot.....$4 000

John Hunkenstein to Robt. Keenan, Aug. 17, 1869; lot on Jefferson street, Allegheny city, 20 by 76 ft.....$600

A. W. Harvey to Alex. Boggs, Jan. 25, 1870; 20 by 75 ft. on Washington street, Allegheny.....$1 800

A. H. Harvey to Alfred Lindley, Jan. 22, 1870; lot 20 by 75 ft. on above street.....$1,500

Fred. Berg to David Martin, Dec. 15, 1869; lot 40 by 100 ft. on Harrison street, 17th ward, Pittsburgh.....$1 200

F. L. Hunkenstein to Job Reedin, April 5, 1867; lot by 60 ft., Wharton street, East Birmingham.....$700

Thos. Mellon to Jas. R. Mellon, Feb. 9, 1870; lot 50 by 100 ft., 21st ward, Pittsburgh.....$700

Mary Reed to Maria Thompson, Feb. 1, 1870; lot 20 by 100 ft. on Webster street, Allegheny.....$2 000

Richard Wall to Sam'l. McAleer, Nov. 8, 1869; lot 10 by 171 ft., on Gallagher street, Allegheny.....$400

Fred. Hartman to Henry Mengers, Jan. 29, 1870; 4 acres and 110 perches in Chartier township.....$1,250

**Sudden Death.**

Miss Caroline Whitmore, a young lady about twenty-eight years of age, and a native of Butler county, died suddenly Thursday night at Fass Hotel in Allegheny. It appears that she has been in Cincinnati for a year or two past, living as a seamstress in the family of a Mrs. Whitmore. A short time since she was taken seriously ill with consumption and expressed a desire to return to her parents. Mrs. Whitmore, the lady with whom she was residing, agreed to accompany her home, and they arrived in Allegheny Thursday evening. They intended to resume their journey next morning, but about eleven o'clock Miss W. began to sink rapidly and expired about twelve o'clock. Coroner Clawson was summoned and held an inquest on the body. The jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

For a nice dish of oysters or a choice assortment of confectionary or anything in the line of cakes, pastry, &c., Young-som's, corner of Smithfield street and Diamond alley, is the popular place. Special attention is paid to preparing meals for ladies and gentlemen at any hour of the day, and patrons are always certain of the finest delicacies of the season.

### SILKS.

**Administrators' Sale of Silks—Fifty Thousand Dollars' Worth of Silks for Sale—Accounts Must be Settled Immediately.**

Stephen Barker, Esq., of New York, and one of the administrators of the late J. W. Barker, Esq., visited this city a few days ago for the purpose of ascertaining the progress of the closing out sale of dry goods at 59 Market street. The administrator expressed his astonishment and pleasure at the amount of goods sold, and ordered that a special sale of silks should commence immediately. There are now on hand not less than *fifty thousand dollars' worth* worth of as fine silks as ever were brought to the Pittsburgh market. The instructions to the partner here are to close them out, if they should not bring seventy five cents on the dollar. Accordingly catalogues have been prepared, and will be ready for distribution after twelve o'clock to-day. In these catalogues the silks are numbered and the prices marked in plain figures so that ladies can make their selections with great facility. Silks will be sold by the piece or cut to any length. Without doubt this will be the most attractive sale of silks ever held in this city, as they are in every variety, and will be sold at an immense reduction. The sale will commence on the second floor of the house on Tuesday morning, and our lady friends will do well to be in attendance. The sale is final, and without reserve—the dearest and cheapest articles must all be sold, for CASH ONLY.

All kinds of domestics and housekeeping goods will be sold on the first floor as usual.

The instructions of the representative administrator, who visited the establishment this week, are, that all accounts must be settled by the First of March next. Those, therefore, indebted to the firm of J. W. Barker & Co., will confer a great favor, and save much trouble and annoyance in collecting, as well as delay in settling up the affairs of the house, if they will make immediate payment. Neither the partners here, nor the administrators, have any discretion in the matter, as the heirs require the business to be wound up finally, and at once.

**The Secret.**

The secret or art of dressing so as to present a respectable and neat appearance at all times does not consist in adopting the loudest styles, or even in purchasing the most expensive material, but rather in having the clothing made well and fit perfectly. A suit of clothing properly put together and a good fit, although of an inferior goods will look much better and have a neater appearance than one of the finest materials, but fit ill. These results are not exhibited. This is the reason of the great success which has attended the house of Hespenheide & Co., merchant tailors, No. 59 Sixth, late St. Clair, street. Recognizing this principle they have invariably employed the best workmen to fit, and the result is a perfect fitting up, so that every suit is a perfect fit. Then, in addition, the goods are just what they are represented and the customer has his choice, so that satisfaction is guaranteed. Young gentlemen would do well to remember this establishment in distributing their patronage.

**A Valuable Real Estate Reference.**

The February issue of the *Pittsburgh Real Estate Register* has been kindly sent to us by the well known real estate agents, Croft & Phillips, No. 139 Fourth avenue, and we find it as usual full of all kinds of property, comprising farms, mills, hotels, country stores, houses, lots, city and suburban residences; it also contains a variety of reading matter, interesting to the farmer, purchaser and real estate owner. The *Register* is issued monthly and will be given away gratis to all who will call, or it will be sent by mail free to any address. Messrs. Croft & Phillips certainly deserve great credit for issuing a work of so much benefit to real estate owners, and nothing short of an immense business will justify them in so doing, but one visit to their rooms, No. 139 Fourth avenue, will satisfy any one that is but a mild way of expressing it. Get the *Register* if you want to purchase or sell any kind of real estate.

**Baggage Smashers.**

One of the annoyances to which a traveler is subjected is the careless and reckless handling to which his baggage is subjected. The following bill has received the adoption of both branches of the Legislature, and with the Governor's signature will become a law—one that has long been needed.

That any baggage master, express agent, stage driver, hackman or other person whose duty it is to handle, remove or take care of the baggage of passengers, who shall willfully or recklessly injure or destroy, or break any trunk, valise, box, package or parcel while loading, transporting, unloading, delivering or storing the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on coviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars.

**Mortality Report**

The following is the list of interments in this city from the 30th day of January to the 6th day of February, 1870, as reported by Dr. J. Guy McClandless, Physician of Board of Health:

The causes of death were: meningitis 2; gastro entuitis 1; consumption 5; bronchitis 2; inf. of lungs 1; carcinoma 1; congestion of lungs 1; ulceration of laryux 1; pertussis 1; still born 1; pyaemia 1; scald 1; burns 1; convulsions inanitiore 1; pneumonia 1.

Of the above there were under 1 year, 2; from 1 to 2, 4; from 2 to 5, 5; from 5 to 10, 1; from 15 to 20, 3; from 20 to 30, 2; from 30 to 40, 1; from 40 to 50, 3; from 50 to 60, 3.

The total number of deaths were 24. Males 18; females 8. White 24; colored 0.

**A Different View.**

It has been clearly demonstrated that cream ale—don't stop yet, if you please—is the oldest drink known to civilized man, that villainous compound water, alone excepted. When one thinks of the thousands of terrible accidents that this water has been the cause of, the millions of home made desolate by that fell destroyer, the poverty, the innumerable beings sent to horrible death by the inordinate use of that monster, he is lost in indignation and amazement that in a country which boasts of civilization and freedom, its legislators stand idly by, making no effort to abolish the ravages of this pernicious and deadly beverage. About the safest moist thing that we know of is Pier, Dannals & Co.'s cream ale.

**New Publications for Sale at John W. Pittock's, Opposite the Postoffice.**

Life of Daniel Webster, by Curtis. Vol. I, ready.

Innocents Abroad, or The New Pilgrims progress. By Mark Twain.

Mysteries of Masonry. By L. E. Reynolds.

Ancient History of the East, to the Commencement of the Median Wars. Vol. I, ready. By Lenormant and Chevallier.

Askoris Kassis, the Copt. By De Leon.

History of European Morals from Augustus to Charlemagne. By Leckey.

Origin and Development of Religious Belief. By Baron Gould.

**For a New Place.**

Major Long, for a long time past well known to our readers as the enterprising agent for the Dexter Washing Machine. But the business zeal and tact of the Major made the public acquainted with the Dexter, and drew toward him so large a patronage, that had previously drifted in another direction, that he has been compelled to remove to No. 34 Federal street, so as to have more room, as his sales have increased to seventy-five machines per week. The Dexter is one of the best washing machines ever invented, and no family should be without one. Call at his salesrooms, No. 34 Federal street, Allegheny city.

**Co-operative Life Insurance Company of Western Pennsylvania.**

IMPORTANT TO POLICY HOLDERS.—Notices of assignment No. 6 on all policies from No. 1 to No. 797, payable on or before March 6, 1870, have been this day mailed to those in good standing with the company.

Persons failing to receive notices through the mails are hereby informed of the assessment and requested to make payment accordingly.

A. PATTERSON, Secretary.

128 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Feb, 11, 1870.

**Daily arrivals** at Moorhead's, 81 Market street. Lace goods and trimmings of every variety, style and price. Ladies' jewelry, new designs and qualities. Hosiery, gloves, hoop skirts, woolen goods, everything in the line of ladies' dress or fancy goods, to gether with a choice lot of fancy articles for ornaments. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street.

Holtzheimer is determined to maintain the reputation of the "Continental." Call to day and judge whether his efforts are to be successful.

### THE COURTS.

**District Court—Judge Hampton.**

FRIDAY, Feb. 11.—The case of Weisberger vs. Bates was resumed and had not been concluded when the hour of adjournment arrived.

**Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Collier.**

FRIDAY, Feb. 11.—In the Common Pleas Court room, Judge Sterritt presiding, the case of Stanley vs. Hohman, was resumed and had not been concluded when court adjourned.

In the Quarter Sessions room, Judge Collier presiding, the case of Snodgrass vs. Hill was resumed. The argument of counsel was heard and the Court charged the jury. No verdict had been agreed upon when court adjourned.

**Dr. Darrin, the Healer.**

Prompted by a very natural if not entirely excusable curiosity, we took occasion to call upon this gentleman at his rooms, at the Robinson House, the other day. Thoroughly imbued with the impressions left upon us by sundry traveling "Clairvoyants" and "healing mediums," with whom we have chanced to come in contact heretofore, we